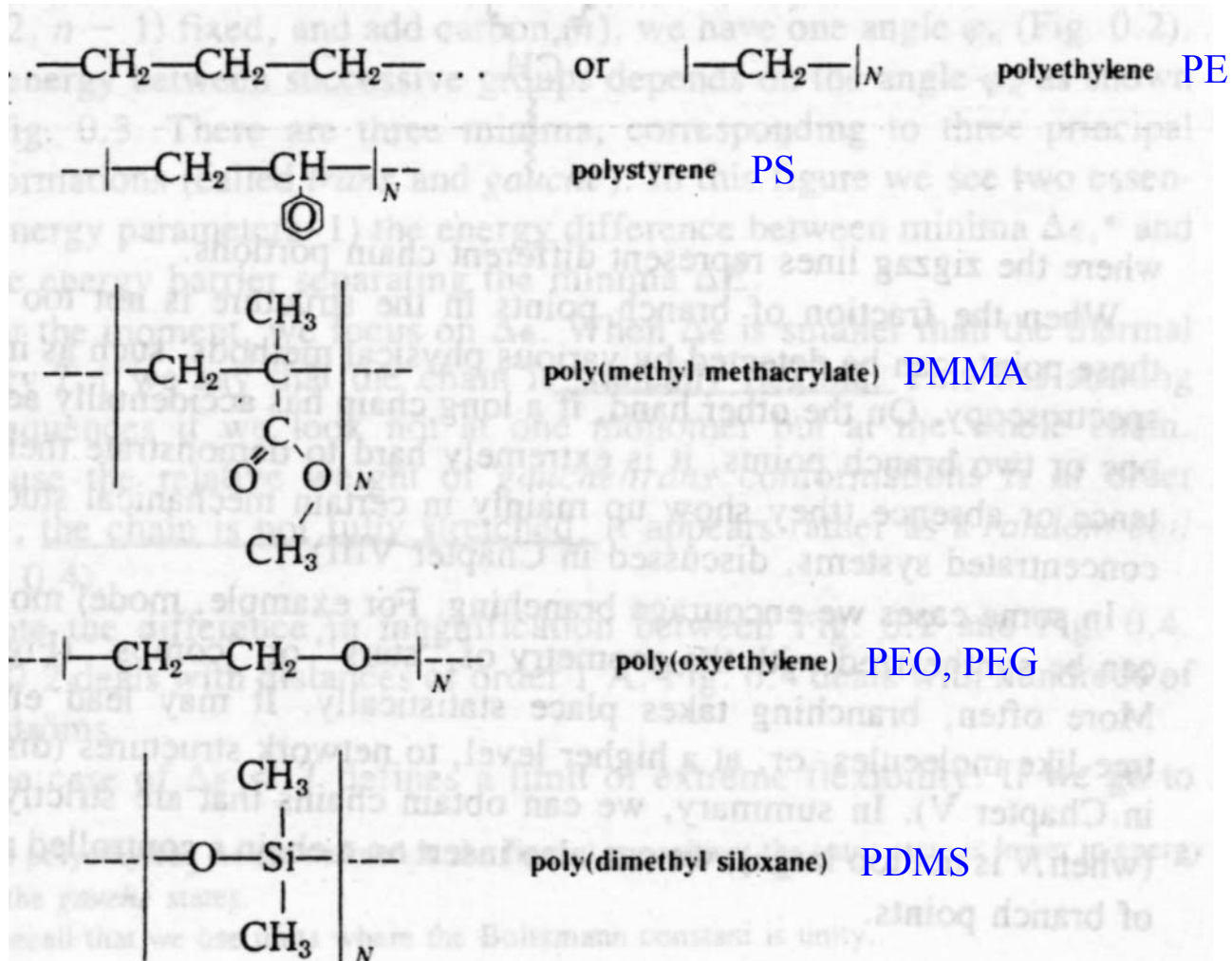


Soft Nanopolyhedra

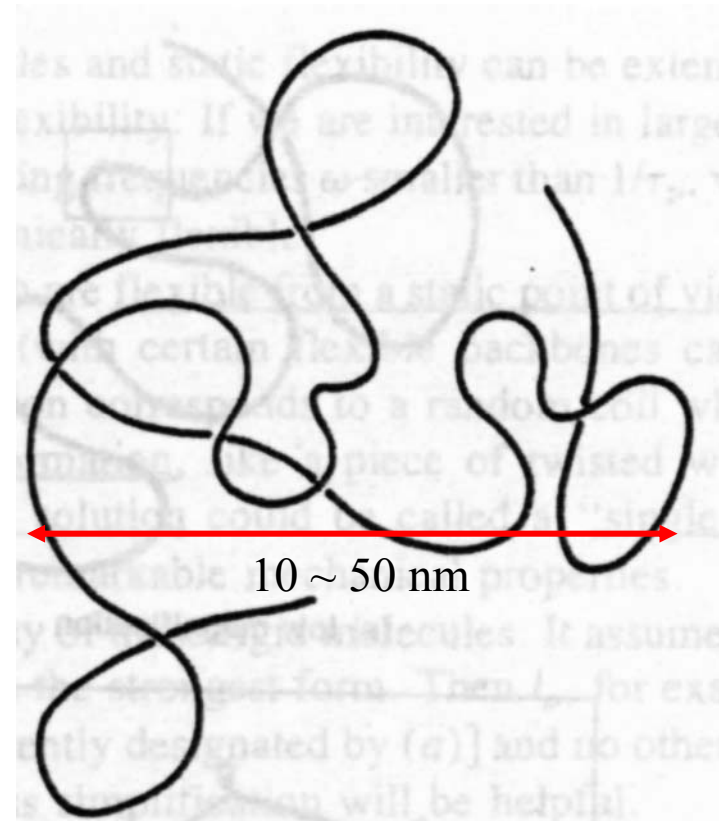
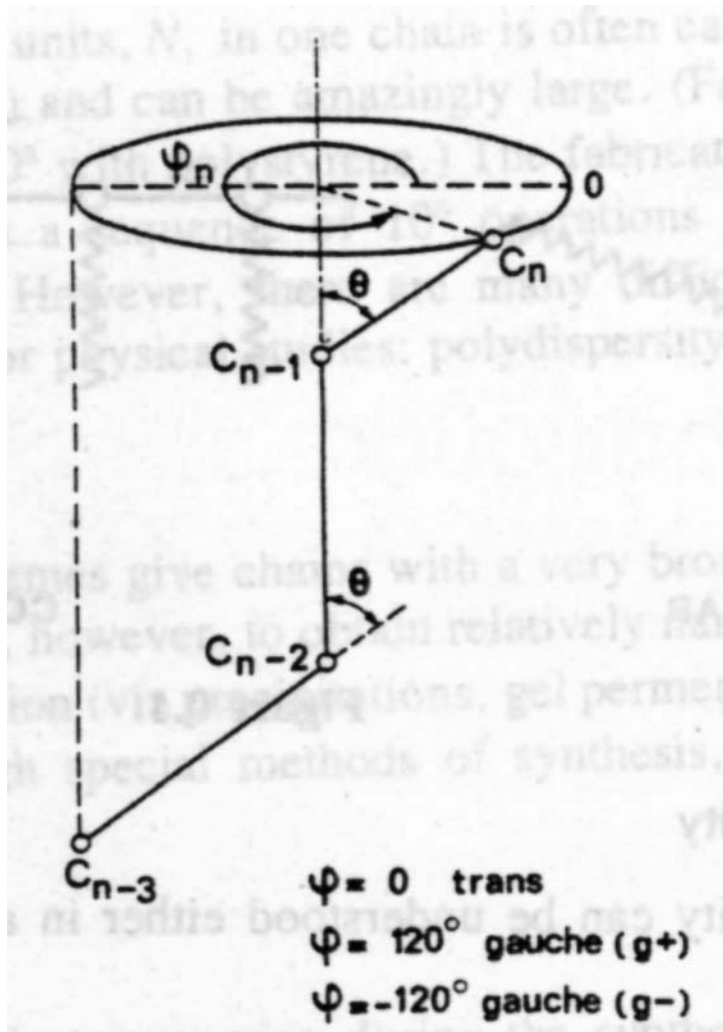
Jiunn-Ren Roan

Department of Physics
National Chung Hsing University
Taichung, Taiwan

Polymers as flexible chains

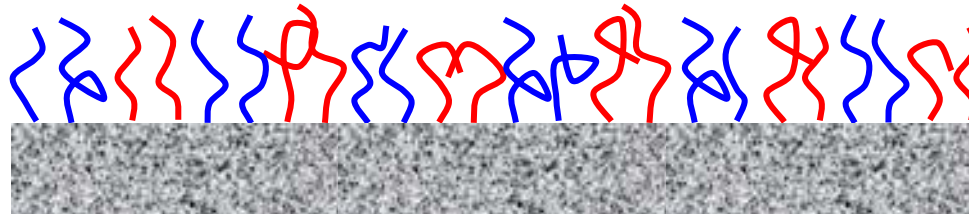


From P.-G. de Gennes, *Scaling Concepts in Polymer Physics*, Cornell University Press, Ithaca (1979).

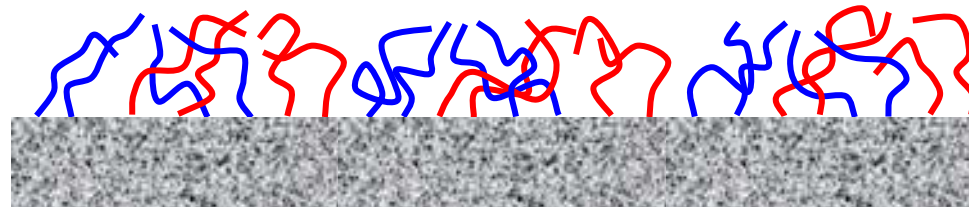


From P.-G. de Gennes, *Scaling Concepts in Polymer Physics*, Cornell University Press, Ithaca (1979).

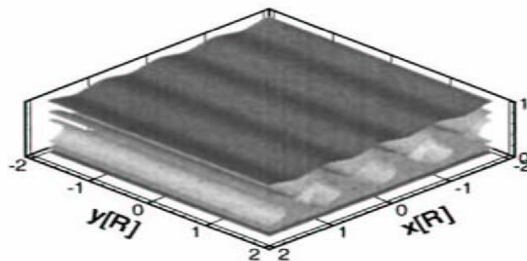
Structured planar brushes



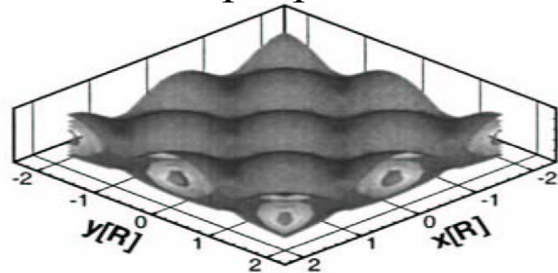
Binary brush



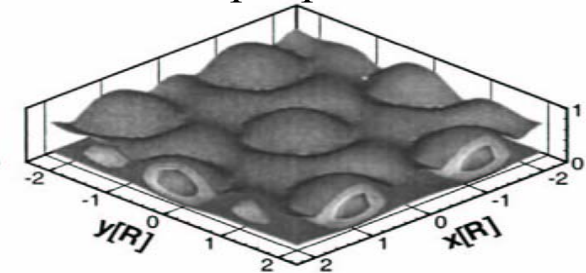
Ripple phase



Dimple phase

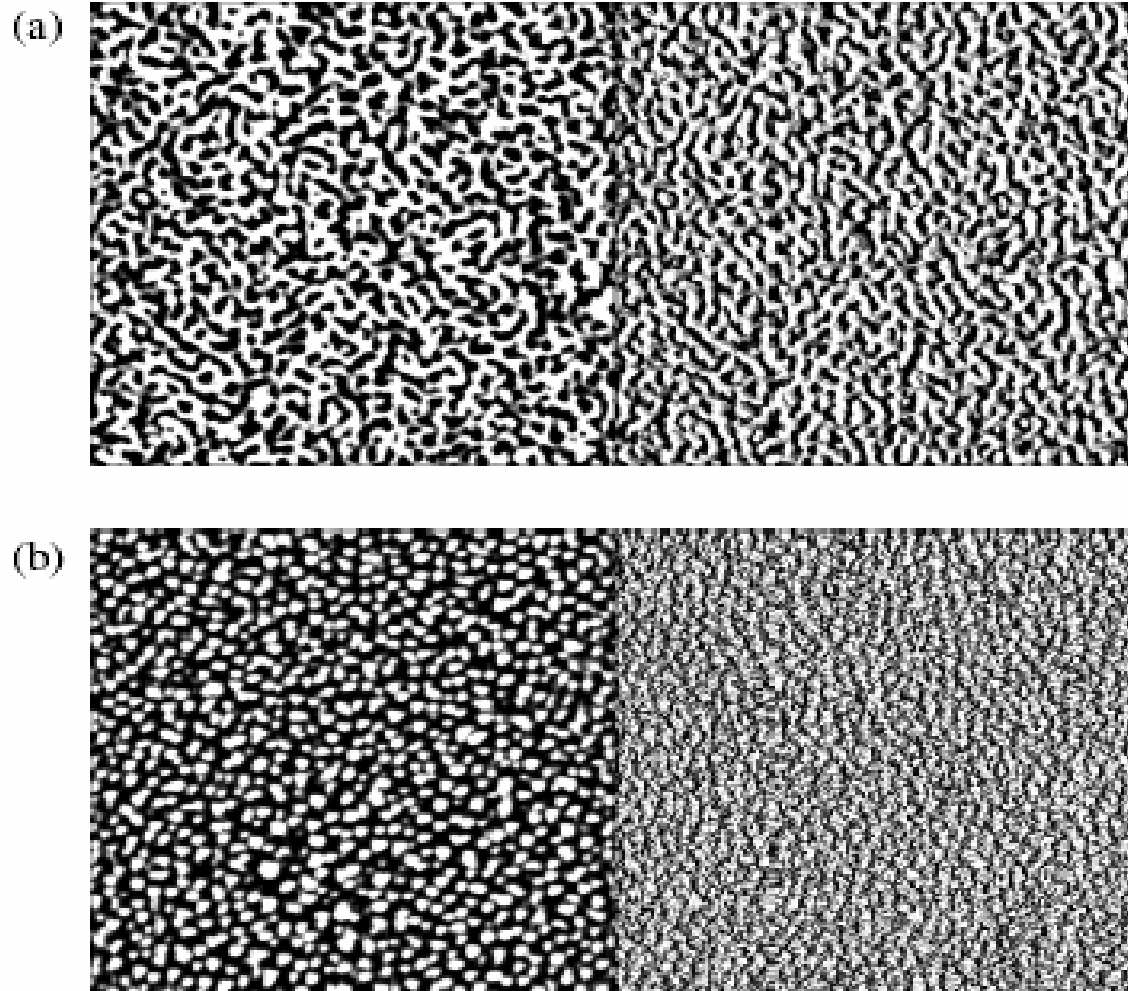


Dimple phase



From M. Müller, *Phys. Rev.* **E65**, 030802(R) (2002).

Real structured planar brushes

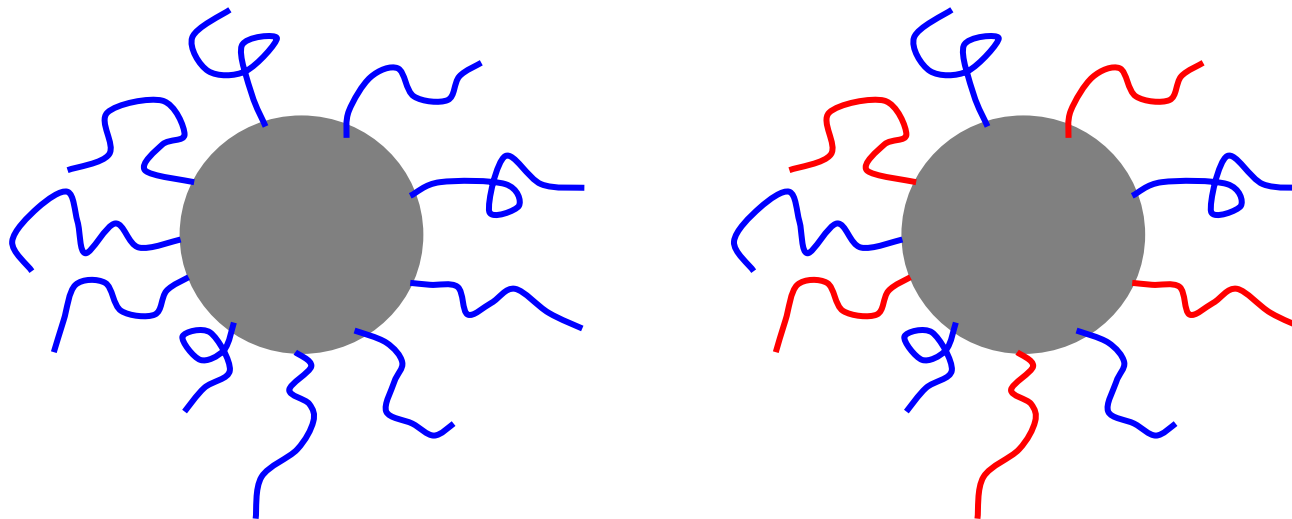
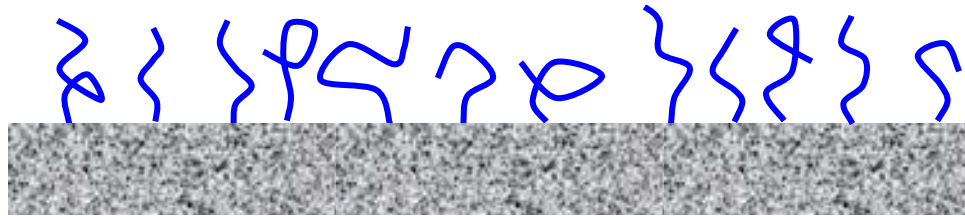
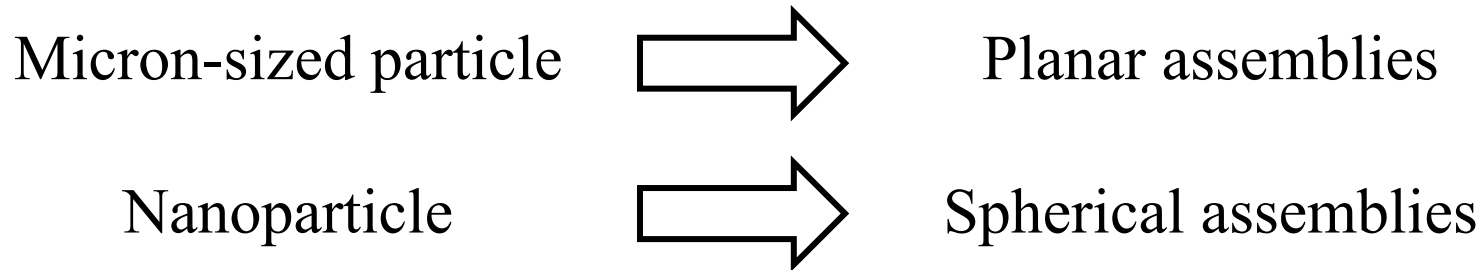


From S. Minko *et al.*, *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **88**, 035502 (2002).

**What if the substrate
is a **nano**particle?**

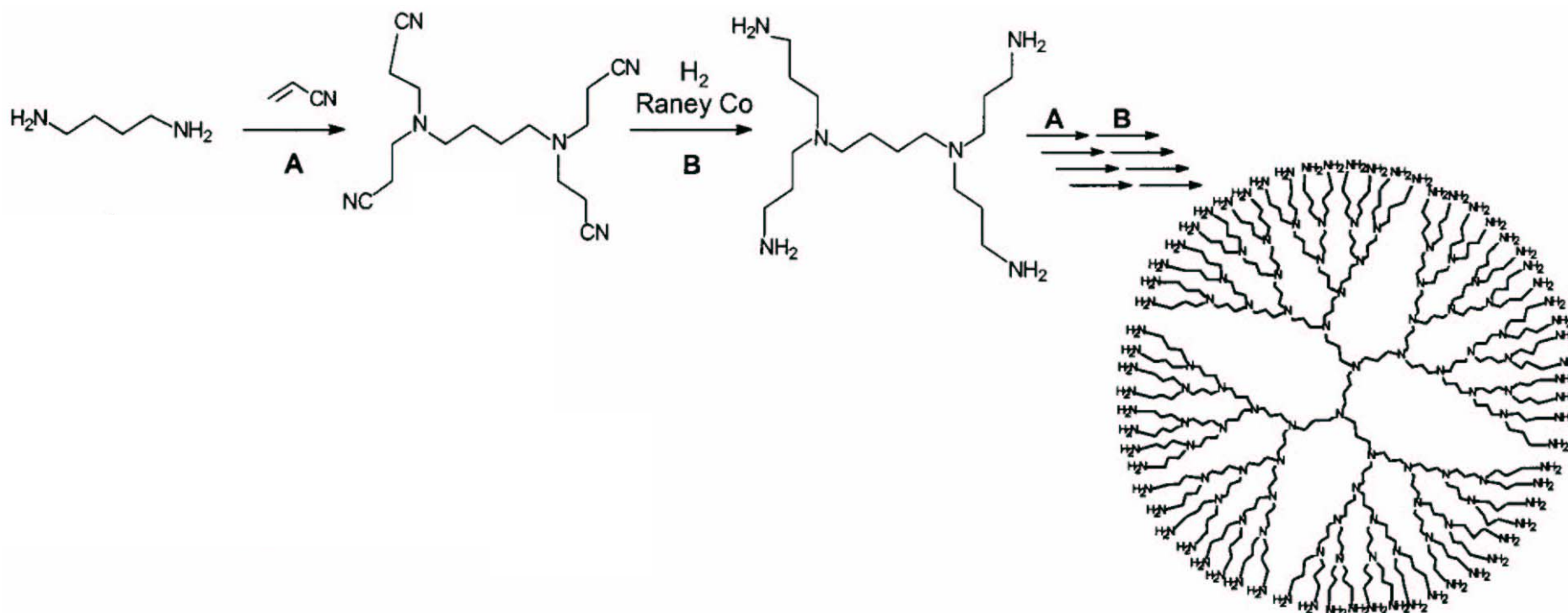
Spherical polymeric assemblies

Typical polymer size: 10 ~ 50 nm

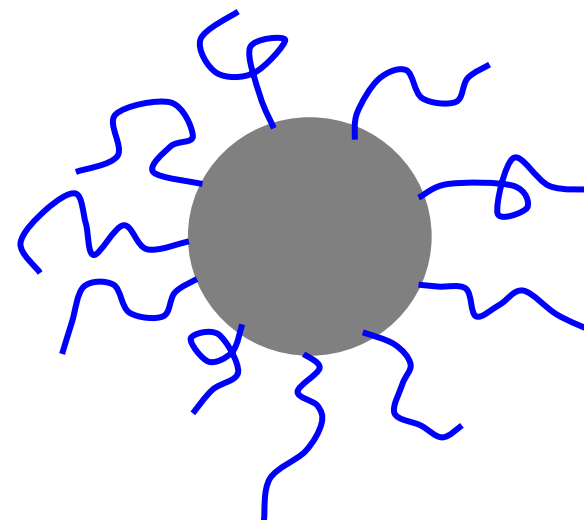
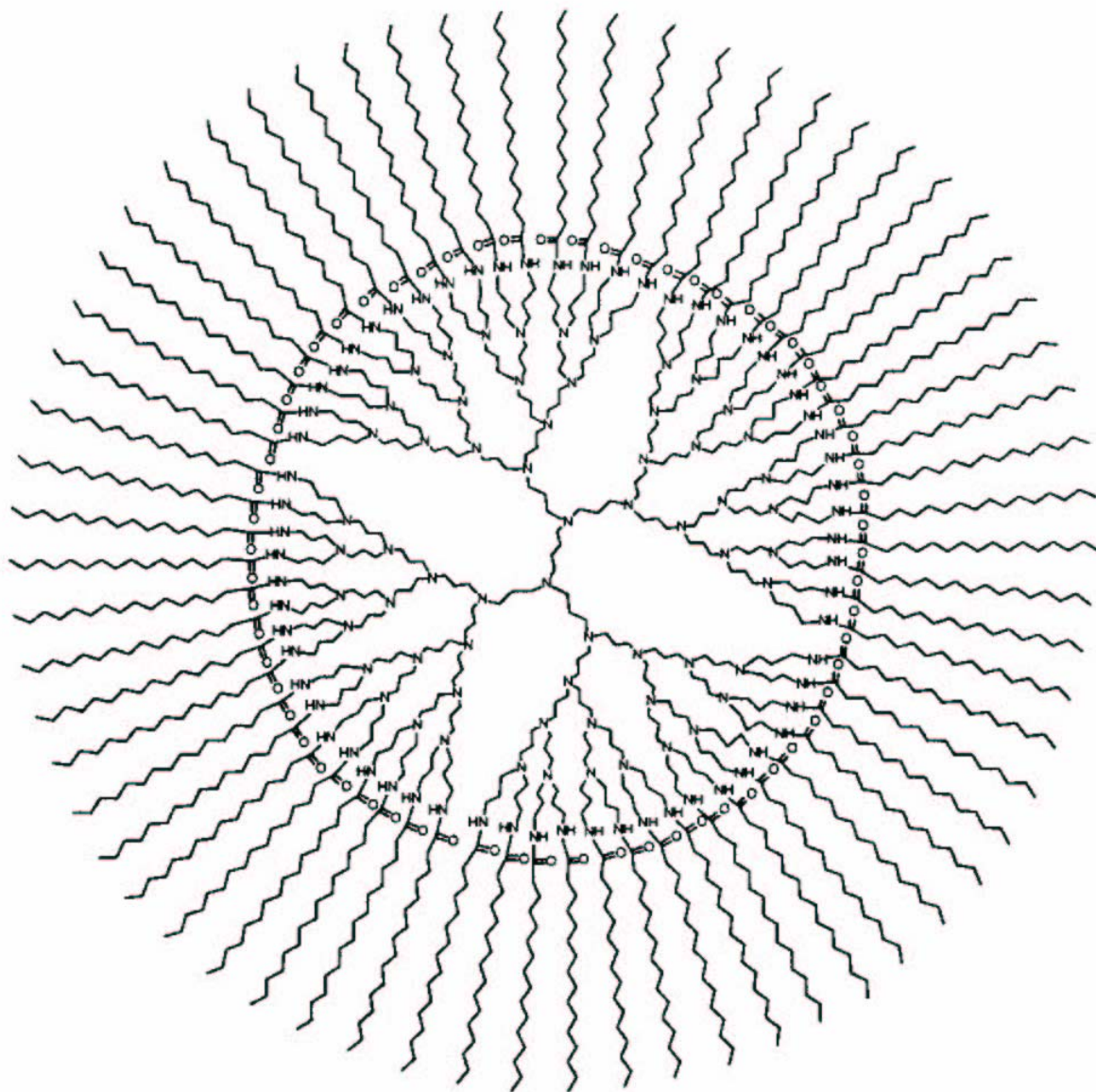


Real spherical polymeric assemblies

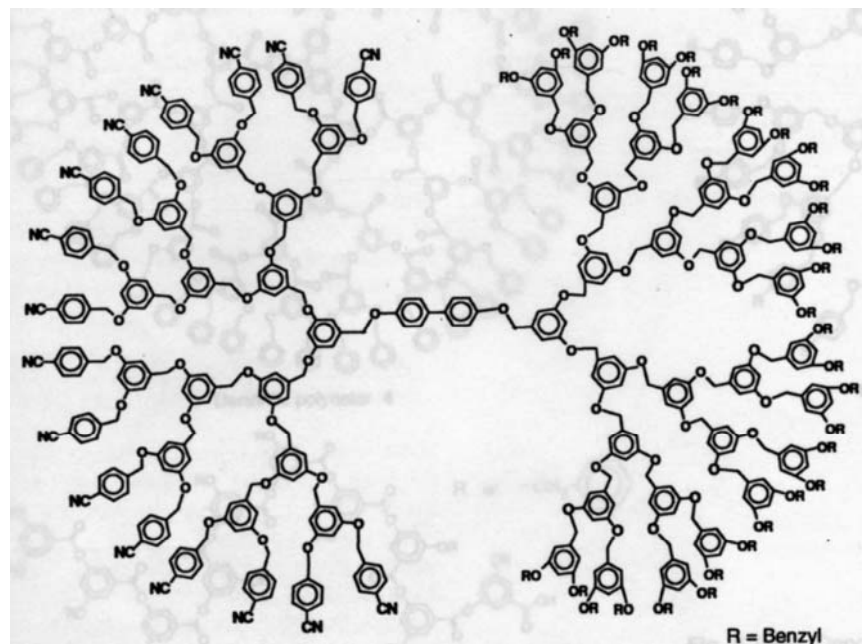
Dendrimers



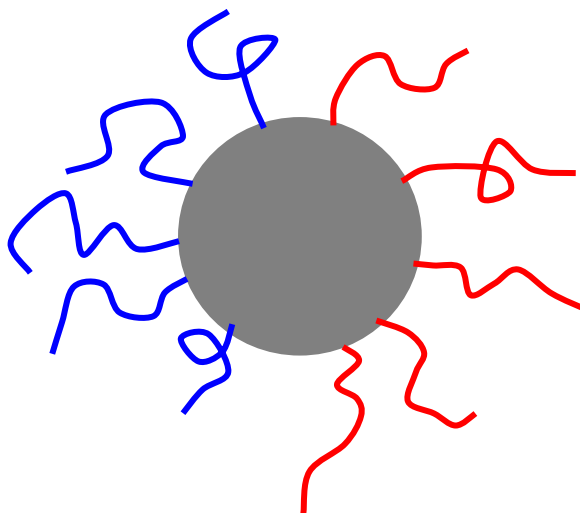
From A. W. Bosman *et al.*, *Chem. Rev.* **99**, 1665 (1999).



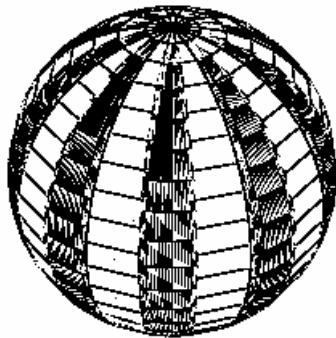
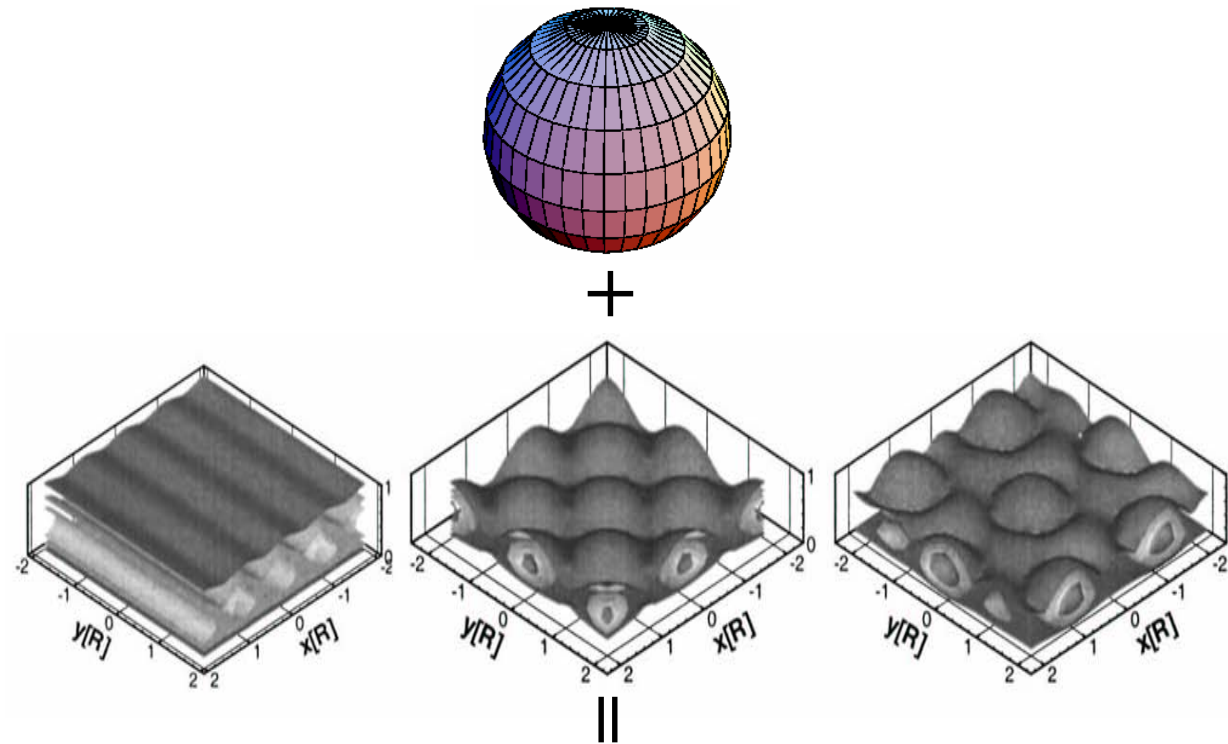
From A. W. Bosman *et al.*, *Chem. Rev.* **99**, 1665 (1999).



From A. W. Bosman *et al.*, *Chem. Rev.* **99**, 1665 (1999).

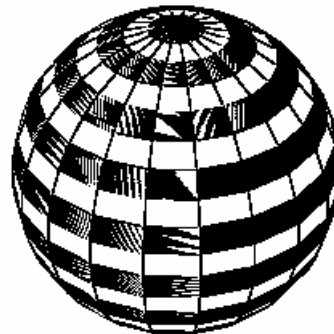


Effect of spherical geometry?



watermelon

or

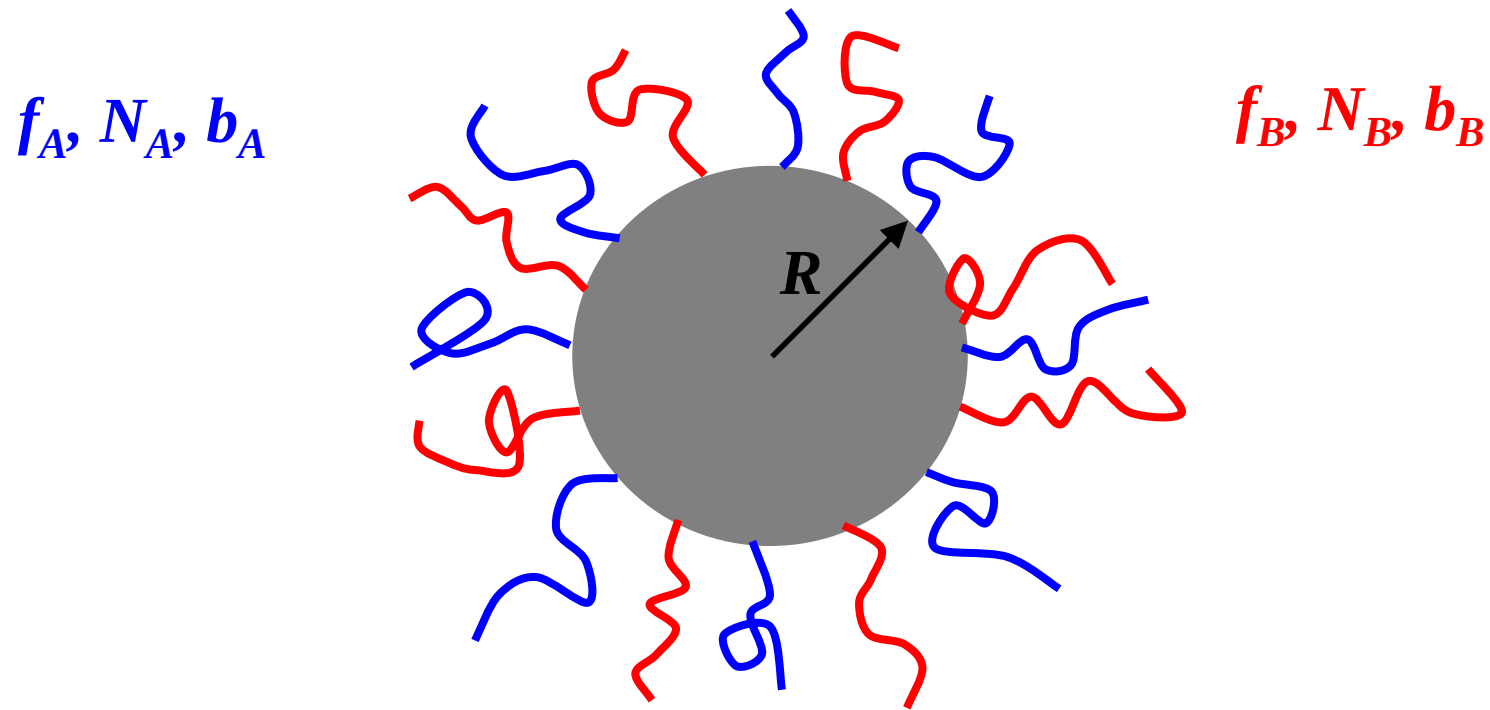


hot air balloon

or something else?

Model

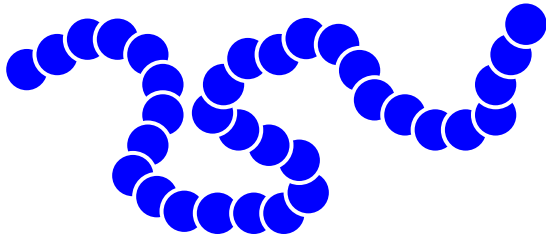
J.-R. Roan, *Int. J. Mod. Phys.* **18**, 2469 (2004), *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **96**, 248301 (2006).



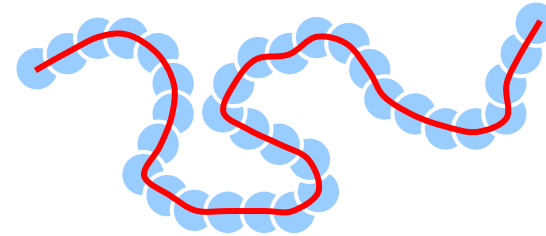
$$v_{AS}, v_{BS}, v_{AB} \begin{cases} v = 0, \text{ miscible} \\ v = 1, \text{ immiscible} \end{cases}$$

Edwards model for polymers

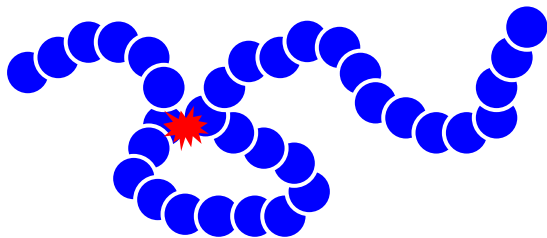
A polymer chain



A random walker



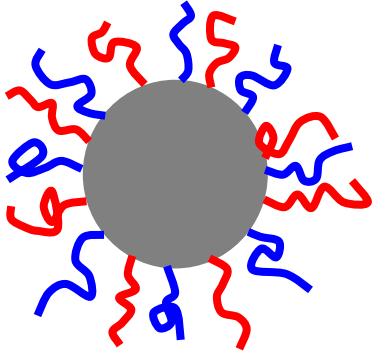
$$\frac{\partial}{\partial n} G(\mathbf{r}, n) = \frac{b^2}{6} \nabla^2 G(\mathbf{r}, n)$$



$$\frac{\partial}{\partial n} G(\mathbf{r}, n) = \left[\frac{b^2}{6} \nabla^2 - \omega(\mathbf{r}) \right] G(\mathbf{r}, n)$$

Self-consistent field
(SCF)

Binary spherical brush



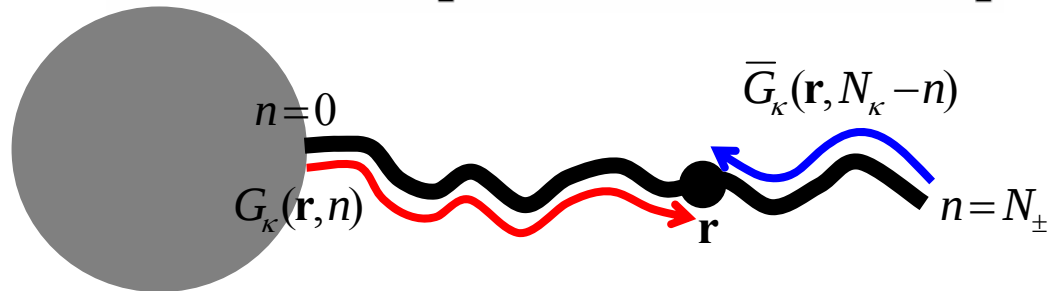
$$\phi_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}) = \phi_{\kappa}^f(\mathbf{r}) + \phi_{\kappa}^0(\mathbf{r})$$

$$\phi_{\kappa}^0(\mathbf{r}) = \sigma_{\kappa}(\theta, \varphi) \delta(r - R)$$

$$\int \sigma_{\kappa}(\theta, \varphi) d\Omega = f_{\kappa}/R^2$$

$$\phi_{\kappa}^f(\mathbf{r}) = f_{\kappa} \int_{0+}^{N_{\kappa}} \phi_{\kappa}^f(\mathbf{r}, n) dn$$

$$\phi_s(\mathbf{r}) = \phi_{0s} \left[1 - \frac{\phi_A(\mathbf{r})}{\phi_{0A}} - \frac{\phi_B(\mathbf{r})}{\phi_{0B}} \right]$$



$$\phi_{\kappa}^f(\mathbf{r}, n) = \frac{G_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}, n) \bar{G}_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}, N_{\kappa} - n)}{\int G_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}, n) \bar{G}_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}, N_{\kappa} - n) d\mathbf{r}}$$

Self-consistent-field equations

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial n} \bar{G}_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}, n) = \left[\frac{b_{\kappa}^2}{6} \nabla^2 - \omega_{\kappa}^f(\mathbf{r}) \right] \bar{G}_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}, n)$$

$$\bar{G}_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}, 0) = 1$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial n} G_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}, n) = \left[\frac{b_{\kappa}^2}{6} \nabla^2 - \omega_{\kappa}^f(\mathbf{r}) \right] G_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}, n)$$

$$G_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}, 0) = \frac{\sigma_{\kappa}(\theta, \varphi) \delta(r - R)}{\bar{G}_{\kappa}(\mathbf{r}, N_{\kappa})}$$

$$\omega_{\kappa}^f(\mathbf{r}) = v_{\kappa\kappa'} \phi_{\kappa'}(\mathbf{r}) - \frac{\phi_{0s}}{\phi_{0\kappa}} \ln \frac{\phi_s(\mathbf{r})}{\phi_{0s}}$$

Solving the (3+1)-D SCF equations

1. Discretization:

$$r_i = R + i \left(\frac{R_{max} - R}{N_r} \right), \quad i = 0, 1, \dots, N_r$$

$$\theta_j = \frac{\pi}{N_\theta} \left(j + \frac{1}{2} \right), \quad j = 0, 1, \dots, N_\theta - 1$$

$$\varphi_k = \frac{2\pi}{N_\varphi} k, \quad k = 0, 1, \dots, N_\varphi - 1$$

2. Imposing periodicity:

$$\psi(r, -\theta, \varphi) = \psi(r, \theta, \varphi \pm \pi);$$

$$\psi(r, \pi + \theta, \varphi) = \psi(r, \pi - \theta, \varphi \pm \pi);$$

$$\psi(r, \theta, \pm\varphi) = \psi(r, \theta, 2\pi \pm \varphi);$$

Solving the (3+1)-D SCF equations

3. Modified alternating direction implicit method (ADI):

$$u_t = u_{xx} + u_{yy} + u_{zz}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\delta_x^2 (u_{n+1}^* + u_n) + \delta_y^2 u_n + \delta_z^2 u_n = \frac{u_{n+1}^* - u_n}{\Delta t}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\delta_x^2 (u_{n+1}^* + u_n) + \frac{1}{2}\delta_y^2 (u_{n+1}^{**} u_n) + \delta_z^2 u_n = \frac{u_{n+1}^{**} - u_n}{\Delta t}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}\delta_x^2 (u_{n+1}^* + u_n) + \frac{1}{2}\delta_y^2 (u_{n+1}^{**} u_n) + \frac{1}{2}\delta_z^2 (u_{n+1} + u_n) = \frac{u_{n+1} - u_n}{\Delta t}$$

- unconditionally stable
- locally second-order correct in space and time
- solvable tridiagonal algebraic systems

ADI  modified ADI

4. Iteration until self-consistency is obtained

Parameters

System types:

- A-S system, $v_{AS} = 1$
- A-B-S system, $v_{AB} = 1$, $v_{AS} = 0$, $v_{BS} = 0$ (good solvent)
- A-B-S system, $v_{AB} = 1$, $v_{AS} = 0$, $v_{BS} = 1$ (selective solvent)

Grafting sites:

- uniform: $\sigma_{\kappa}(\theta, \varphi) \propto 1$
- gradient 1: $\sigma_{\kappa}(\theta, \varphi) \propto 1 + Y_{10}(\theta, \varphi)$
- gradient 2: $\sigma_{\kappa}(\theta, \varphi) \propto 3 + Y_{10}(\theta, \varphi)$
- step: $\sigma_{\kappa}(\theta, \varphi) \propto \text{step function}$

Discretization parameters:

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \bullet N_r = 25 \sim 35 \\ \bullet N_\theta = 24 \sim 32 \\ \bullet N_\varphi = 48 \sim 64 \end{array} \right\} N_r \times N_\theta \times N_\varphi \approx 30,000 \sim 70,000$$
$$\bullet \Delta n = 0.1, N_\kappa = 10 \sim 30; \quad N_n = 100 \sim 200$$

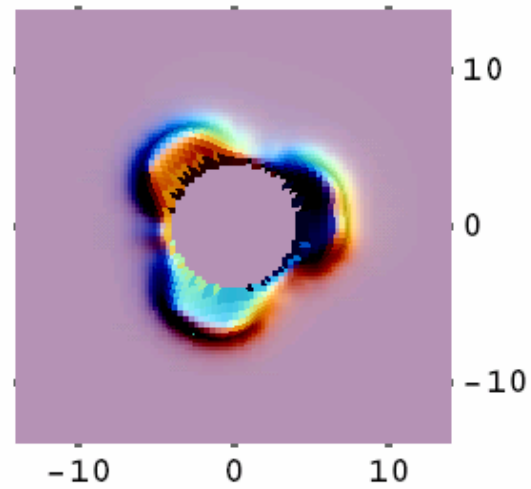
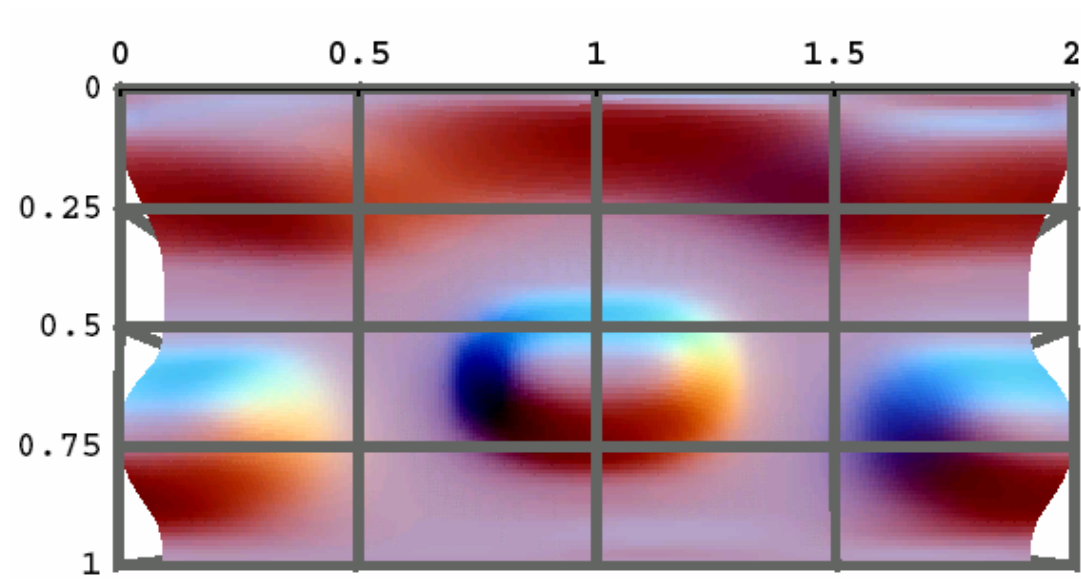
System parameters:

- $b_\kappa = 1$
- $R = 4$
- $N_\kappa = 10, 15, 20, 25, 30$
- $f_A/f_B = 150/30, 120/60, 90/90, 60/120, 30/150;$
100/20, 80/40, 60/60, 40/80, 20/100;
50/10, 40/20, 30/30, 20/40, 10/50

Results!

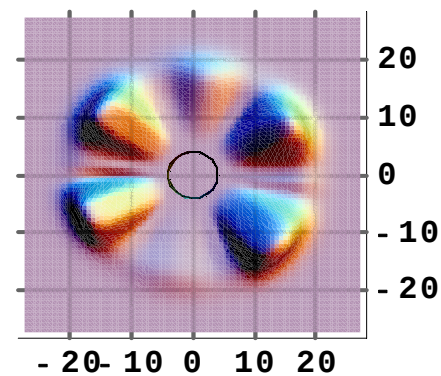
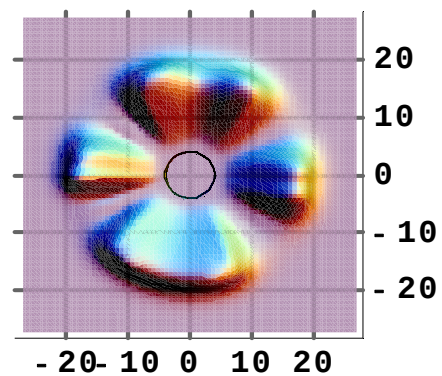
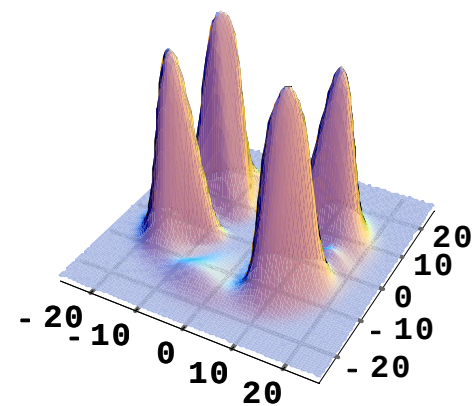
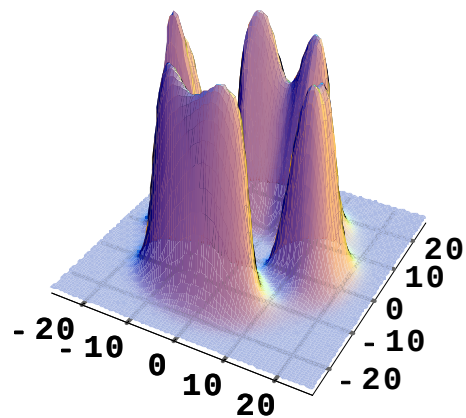
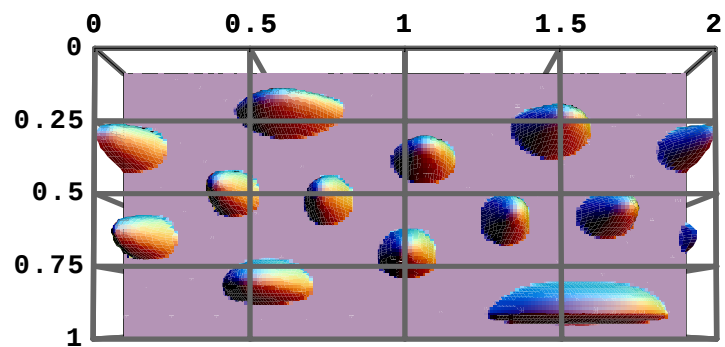
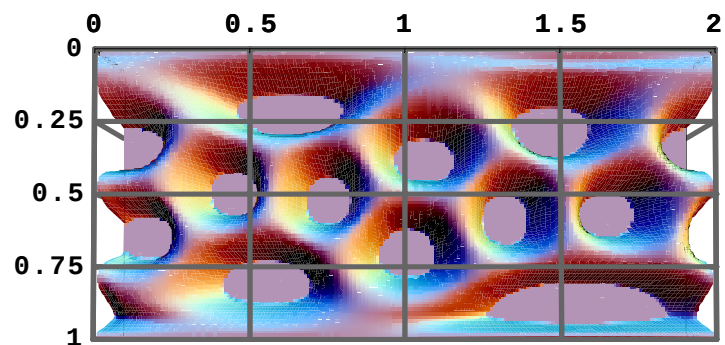
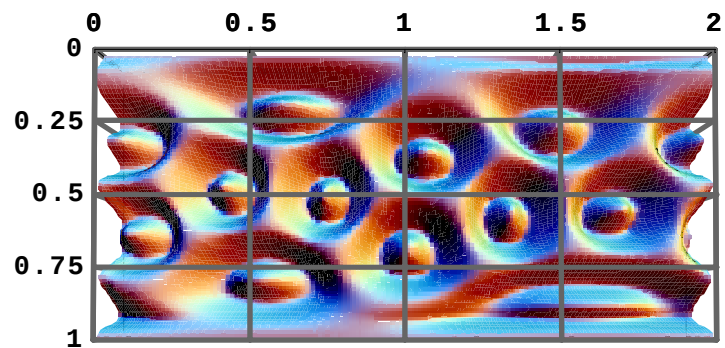
A-S system; uniform A

$N_A=30, f_A=8$ in a poor solvent

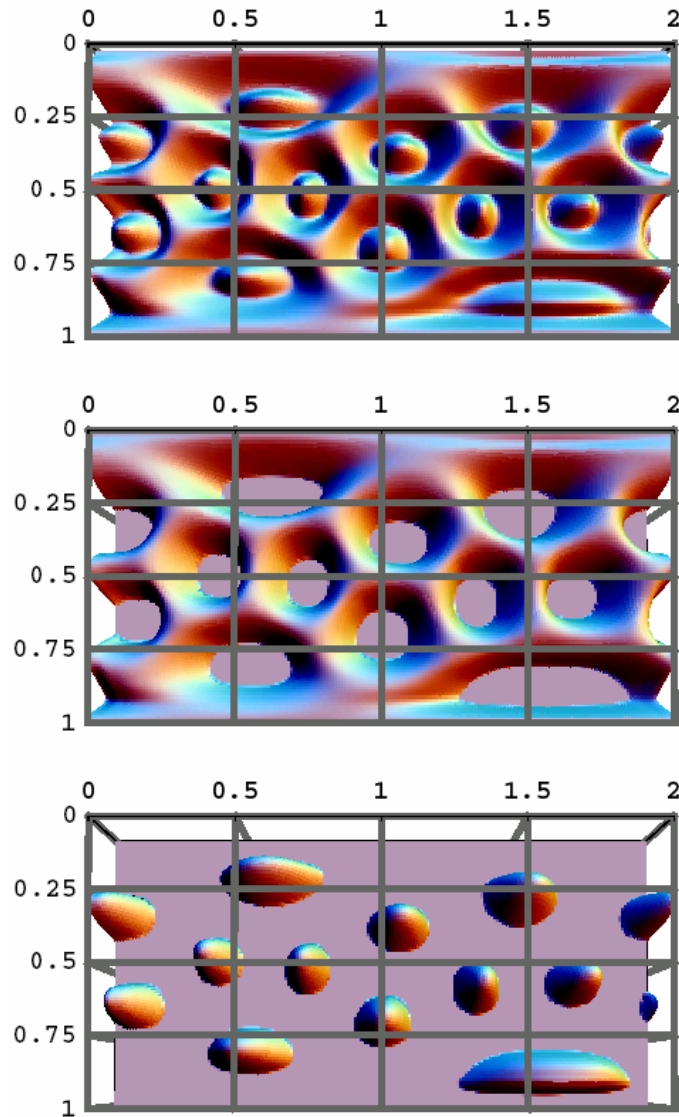


**A-B-S system in a solvent good
for A and B; uniform A and B**

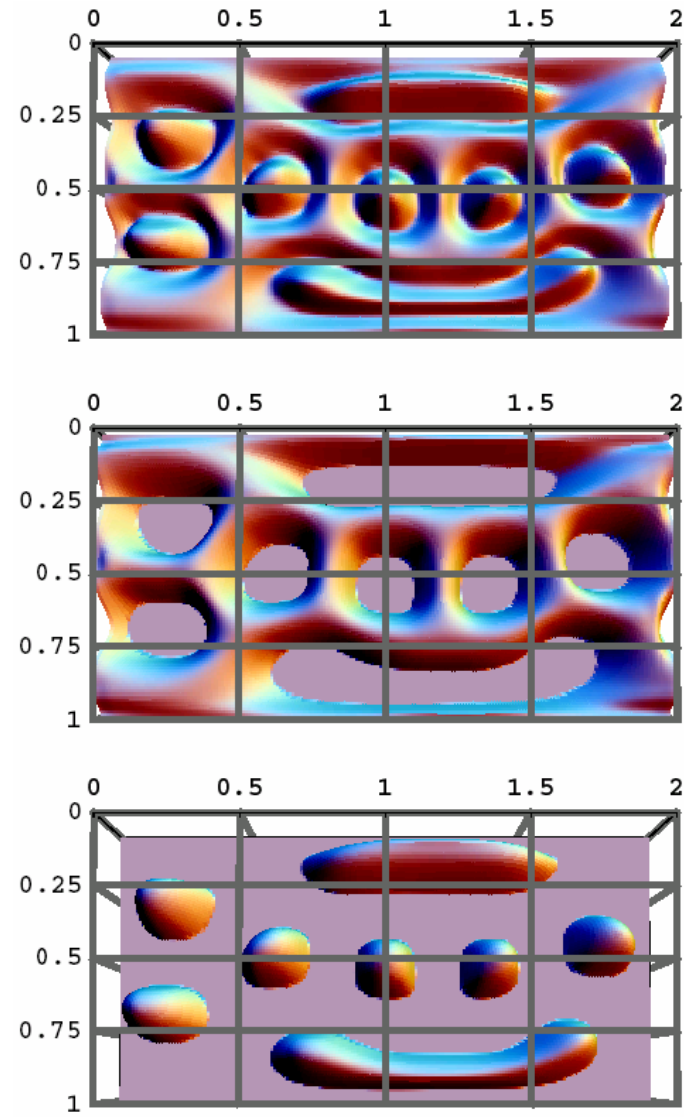
$$N_A=30, N_B=30, f_A=120, f_B=60$$



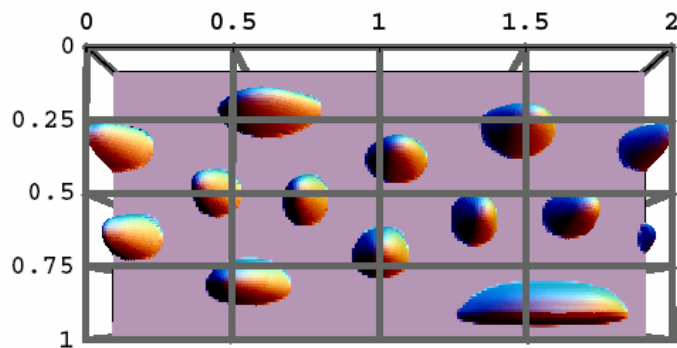
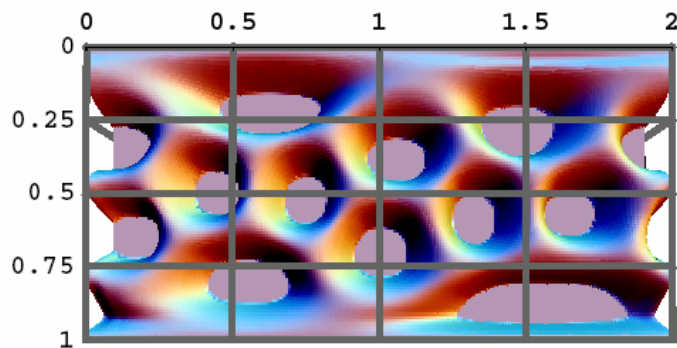
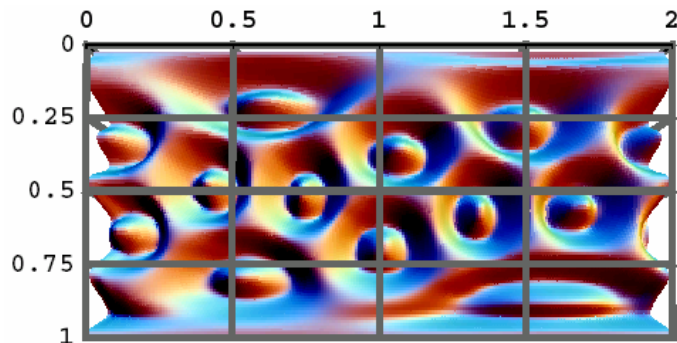
$$N_A=30, N_B=30, f_A=120, f_B=60$$



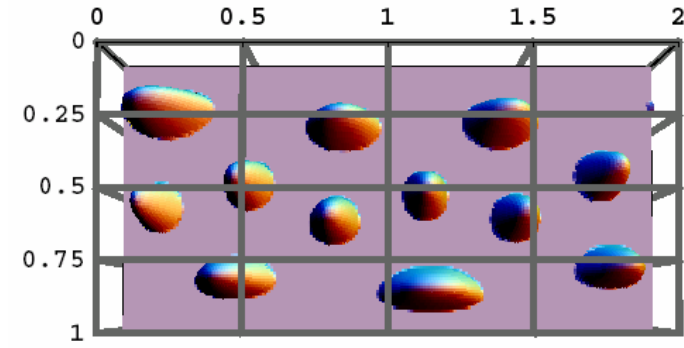
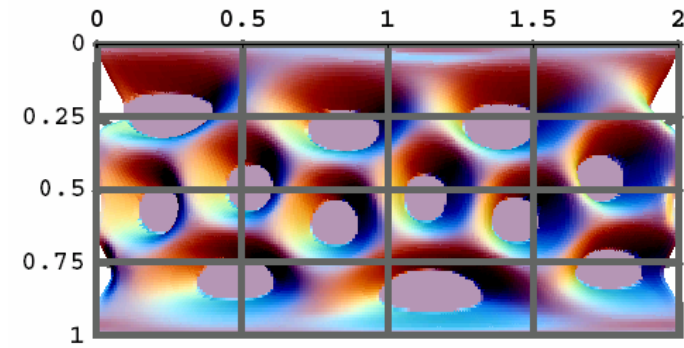
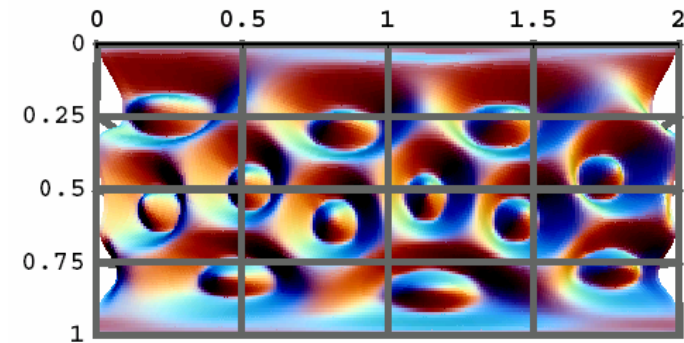
$$N_A=30, N_B=25, f_A=120, f_B=60$$



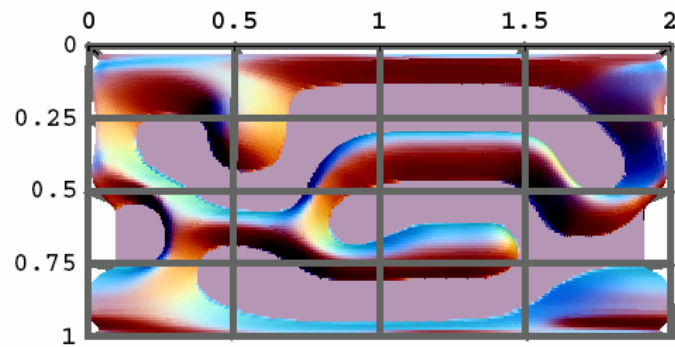
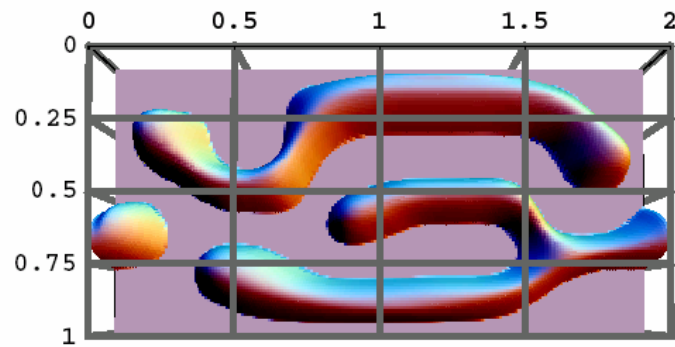
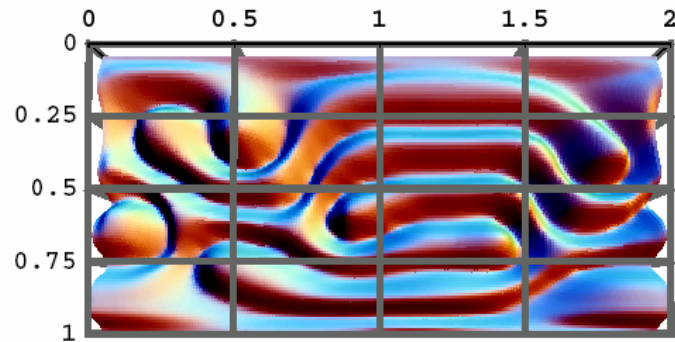
$$N_A=30, N_B=30, f_A=120, f_B=60$$



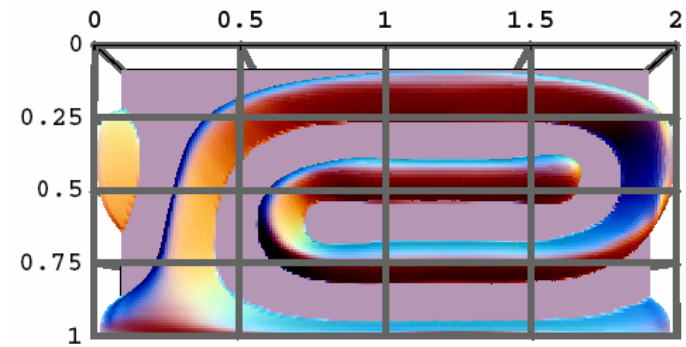
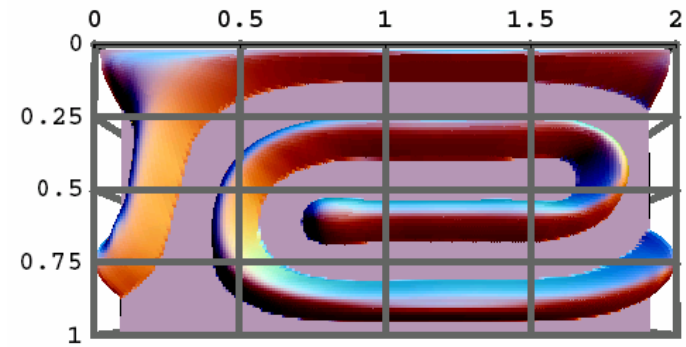
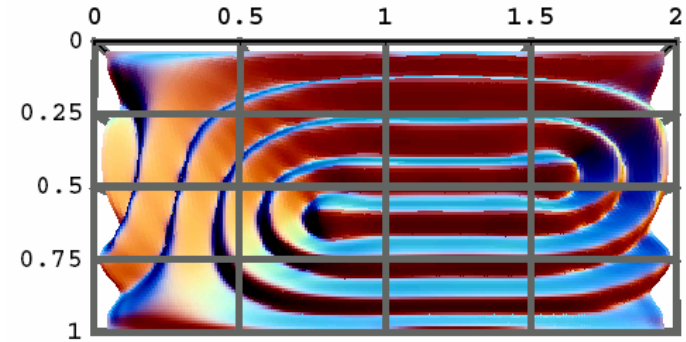
$$N_A=25, N_B=25, f_A=120, f_B=60$$



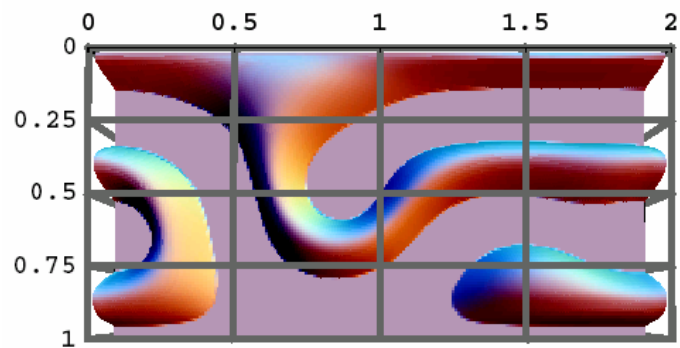
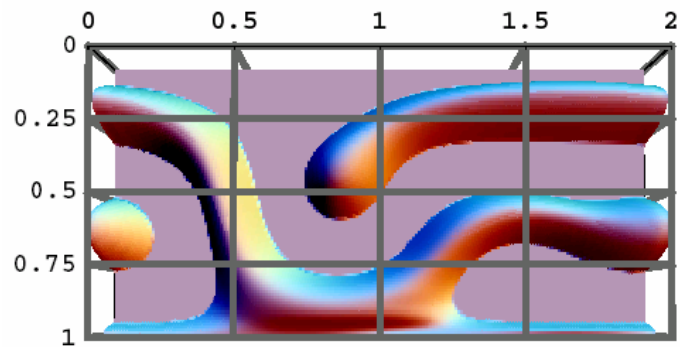
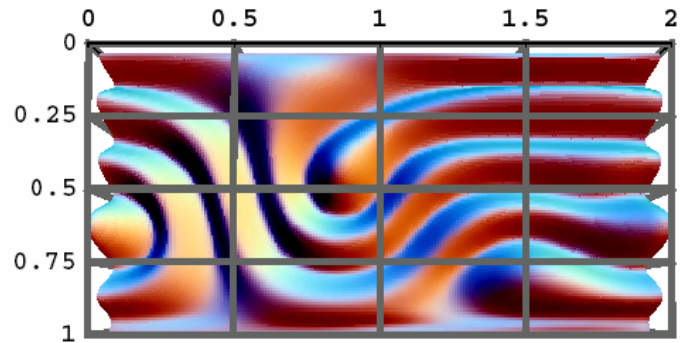
$$N_A=25, N_B=25, f_A=90, f_B=90$$



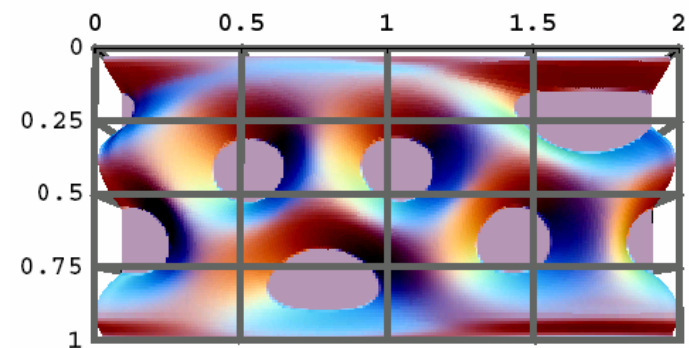
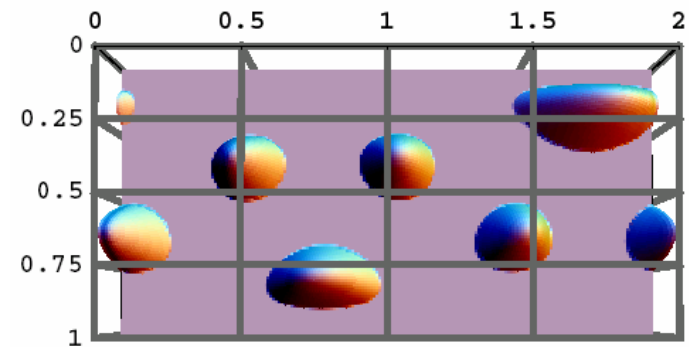
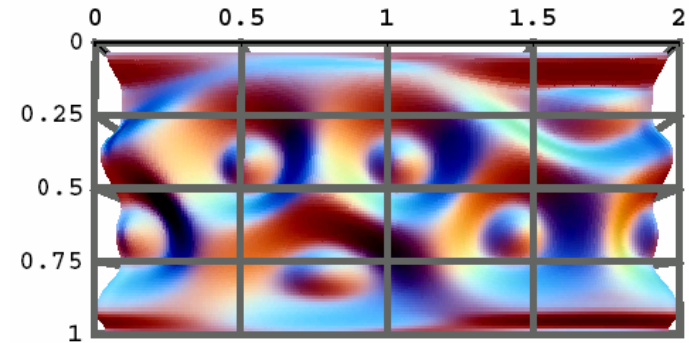
$$N_A=15, N_B=15, f_A=90, f_B=90$$

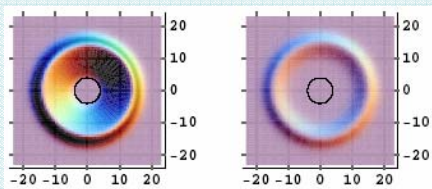


$$N_A=30, N_B=30, f_A=30, f_B=30$$



$$N_A=30, N_B=25, f_A=30, f_B=30$$



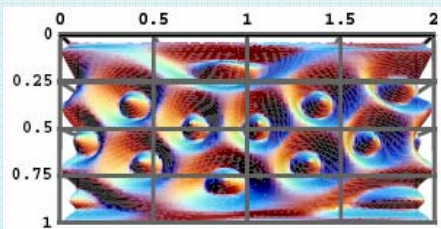


L_{BA}

f_A/f_B

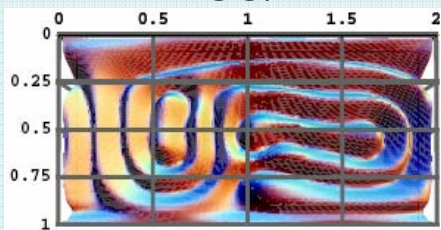
150/30

140/40



ICO/B

120/60



R

90/90

R

ICO/A

60/120

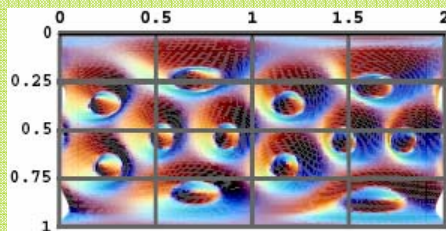
L_{AB}

30/150

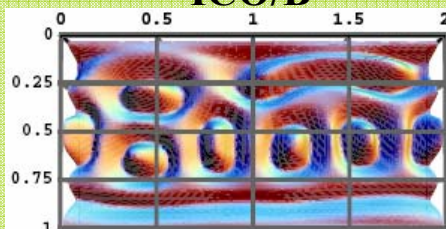
$N_A=20, N_B=20$

$N_A=30$
 $N_B=30$

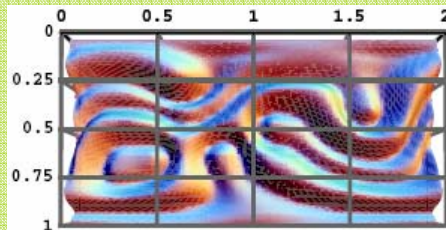
L_{BA}



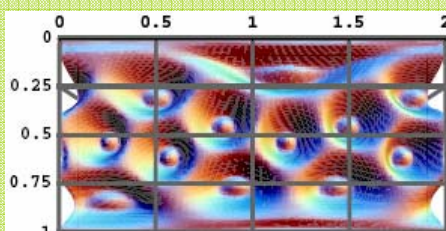
ICO/B



Z8/B



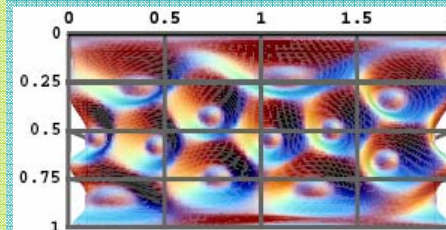
R



ICO/A

L_{AB}

$N_A=30, N_B=25$



ICO/A

L_{AB}

$N_A=30, N_B=20$

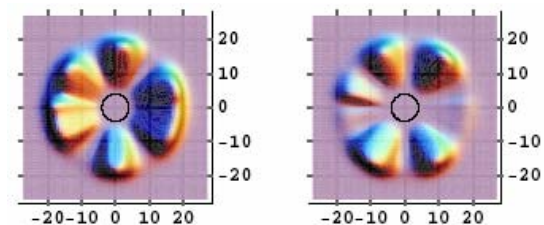
$N_A=30, N_B \leq 15$

$$N_A=30, f_A=120, f_B=60$$

Re-entrance
transition

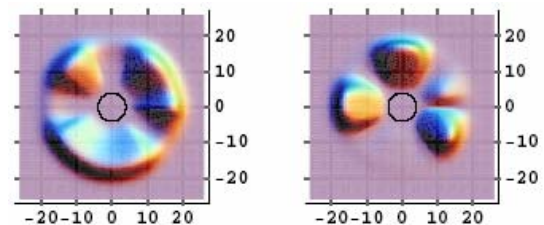
 N_B

30



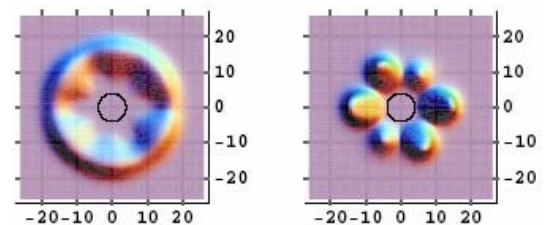
ICO/B

25



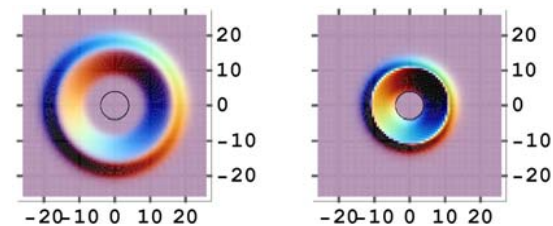
Z8/B

20



ICO/B

15



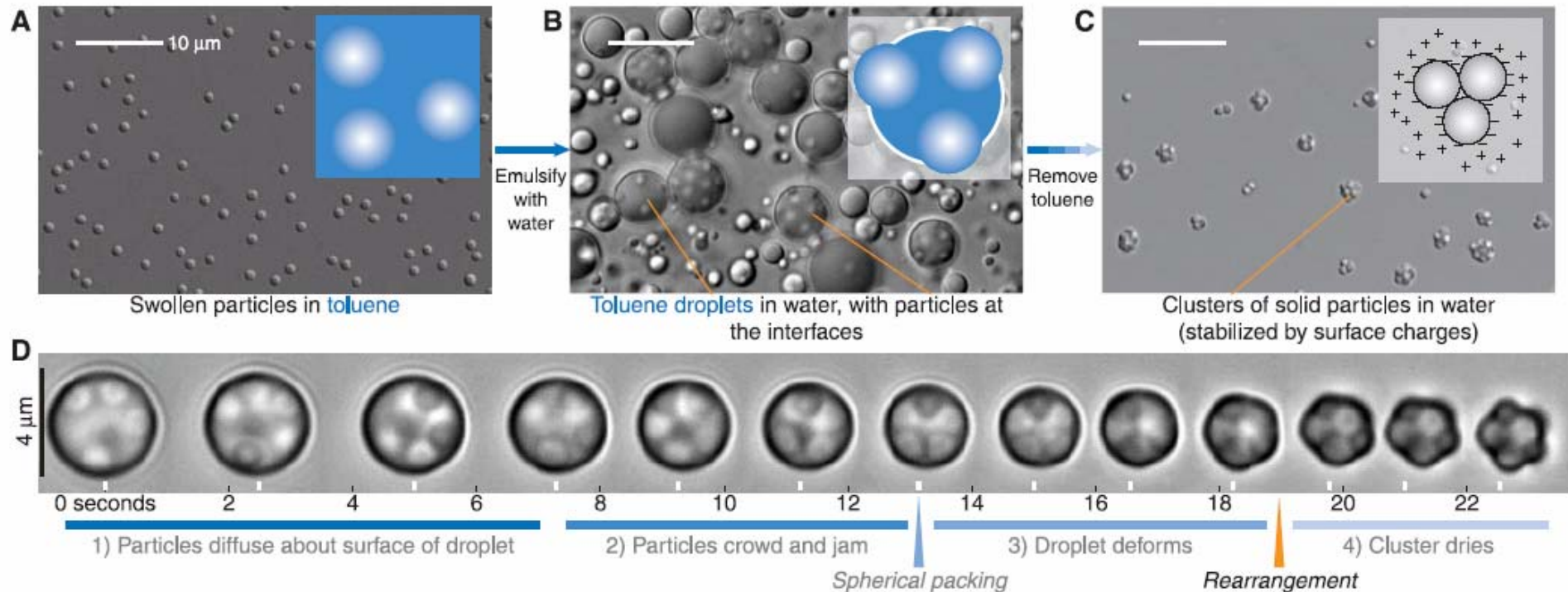
L_{AB}

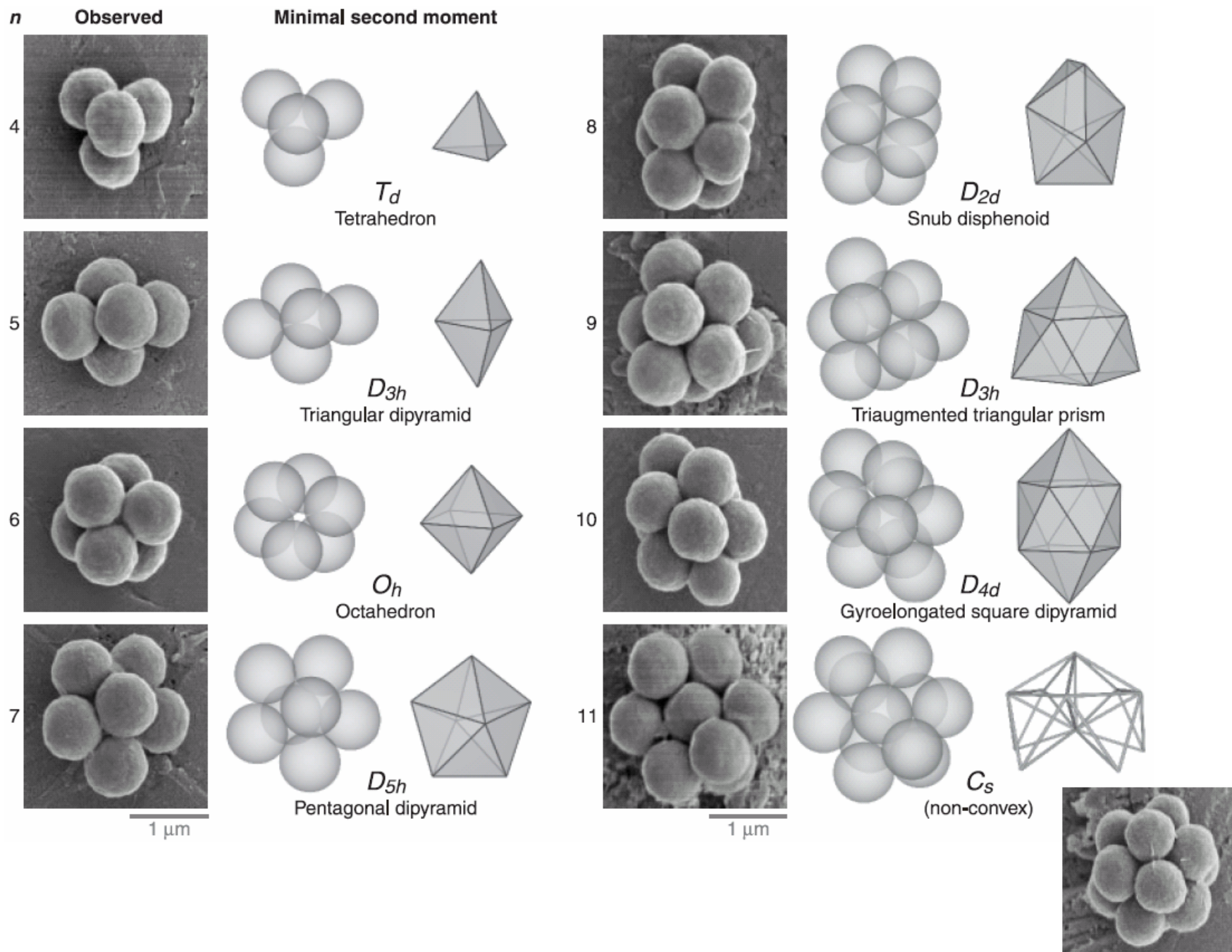
**How are the islands
arranged?**

Dense Packing and Symmetry in Small Clusters of Microspheres

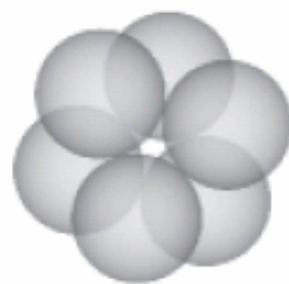
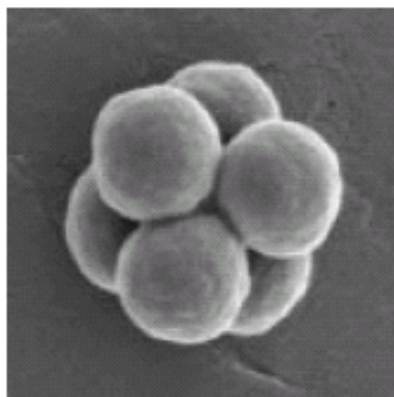
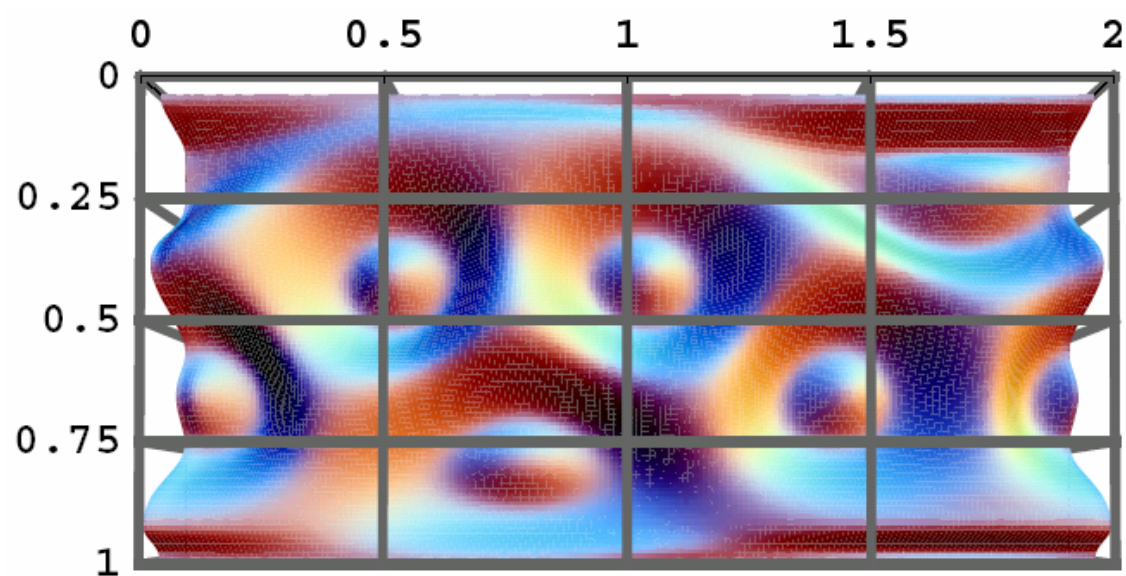
Vinothan N. Manoharan,¹ Mark T. Elsesser,¹ David J. Pine^{1,2*}

Science **301**, 483 (2003).





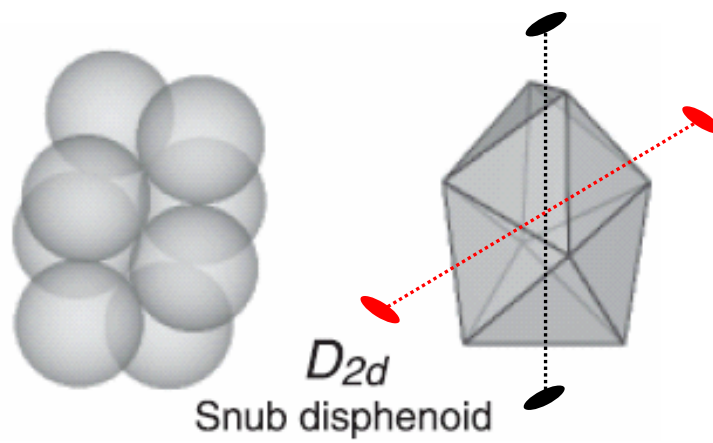
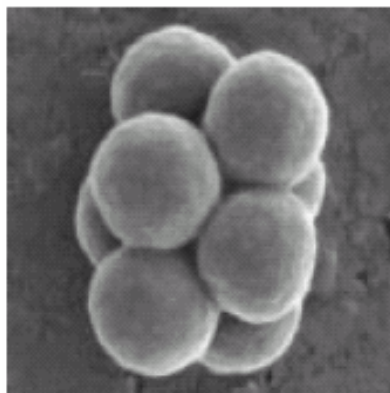
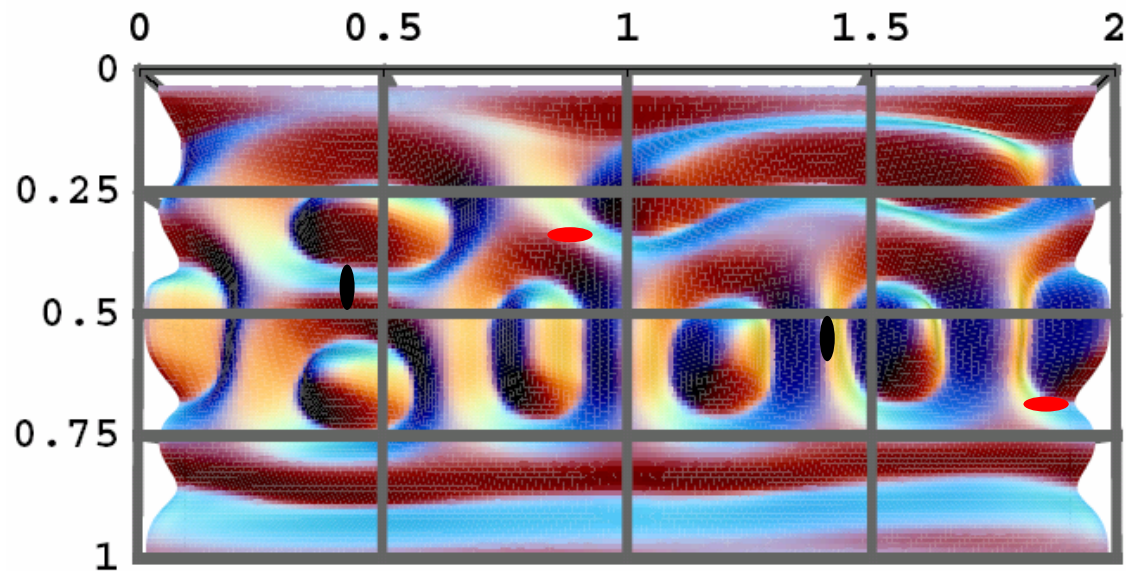
Z6: $N_A=30$, $N_B=25$, $f_A=30$, $f_B=30$



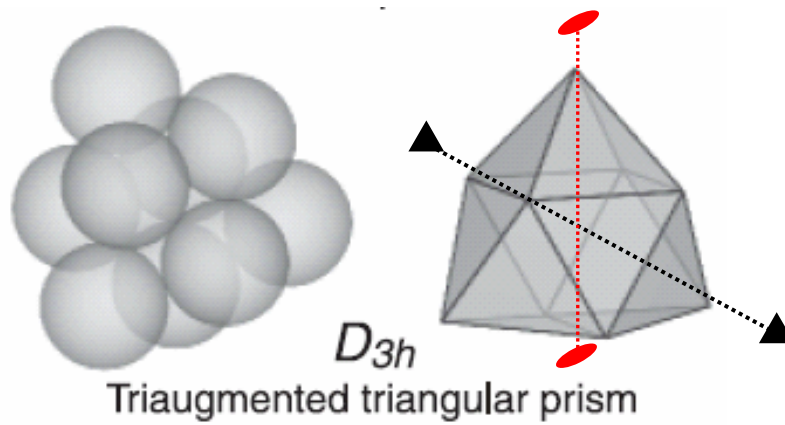
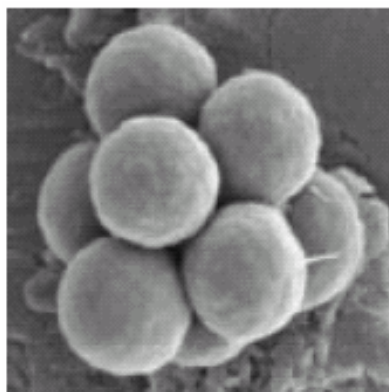
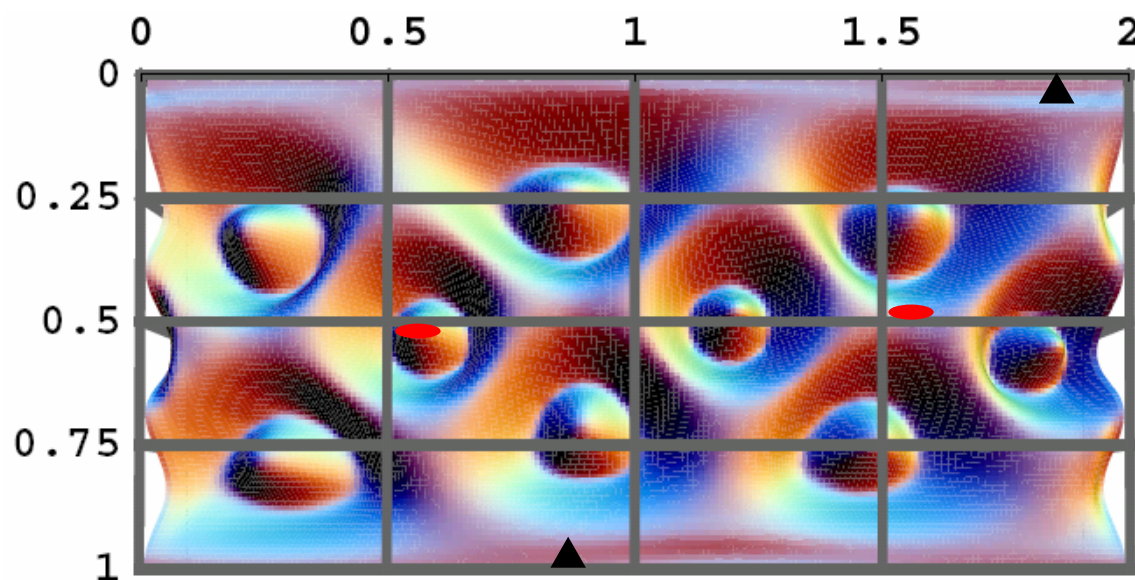
O_h
Octahedron



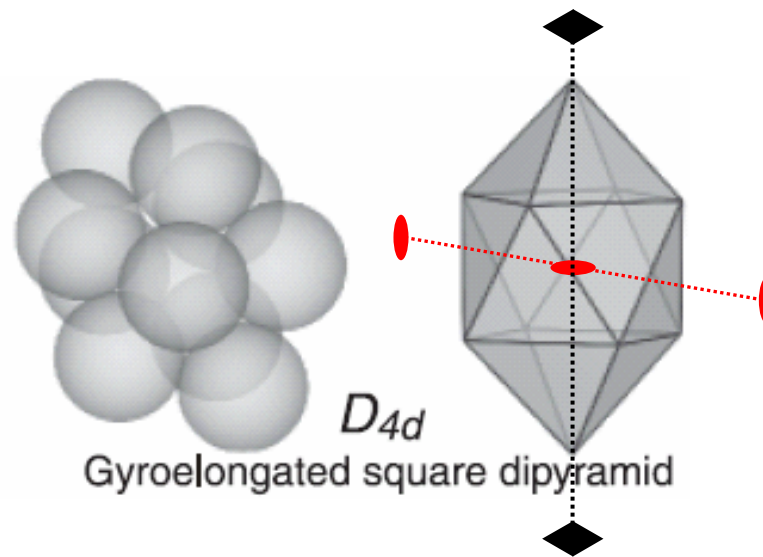
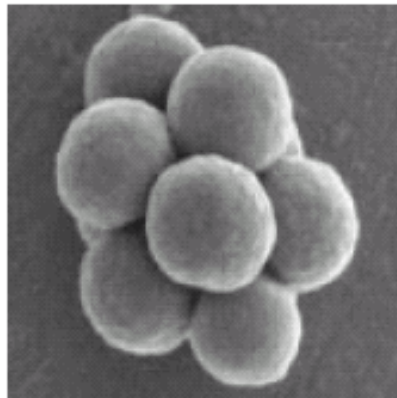
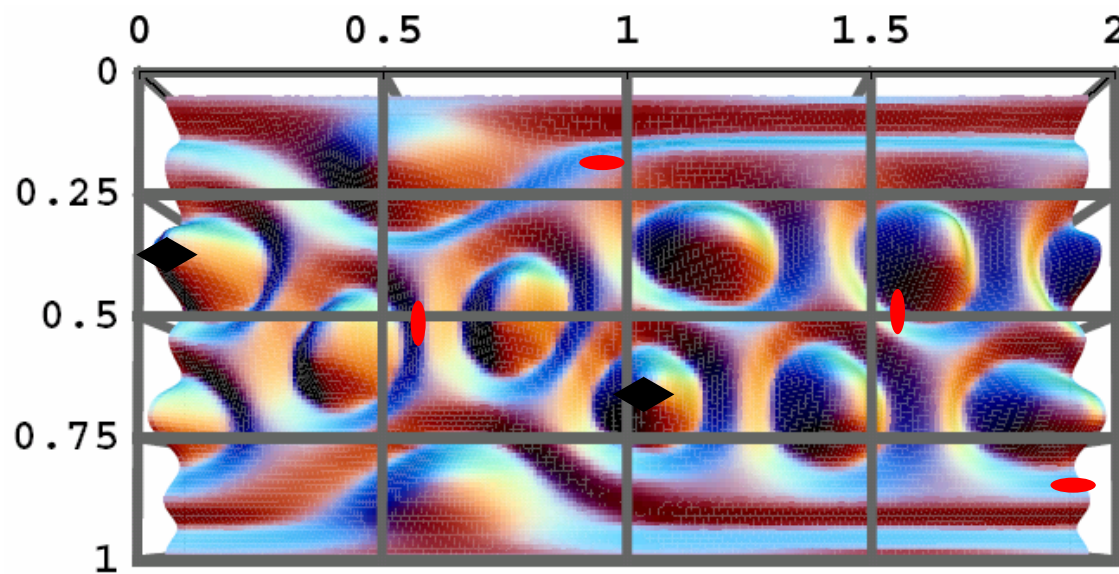
Z8: $N_A=30$, $N_B=25$, $f_A=120$, $f_B=60$



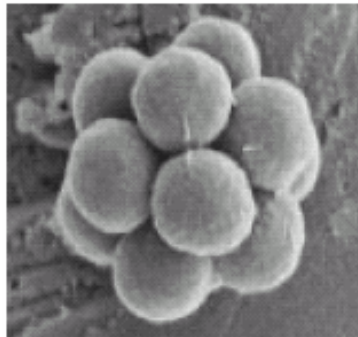
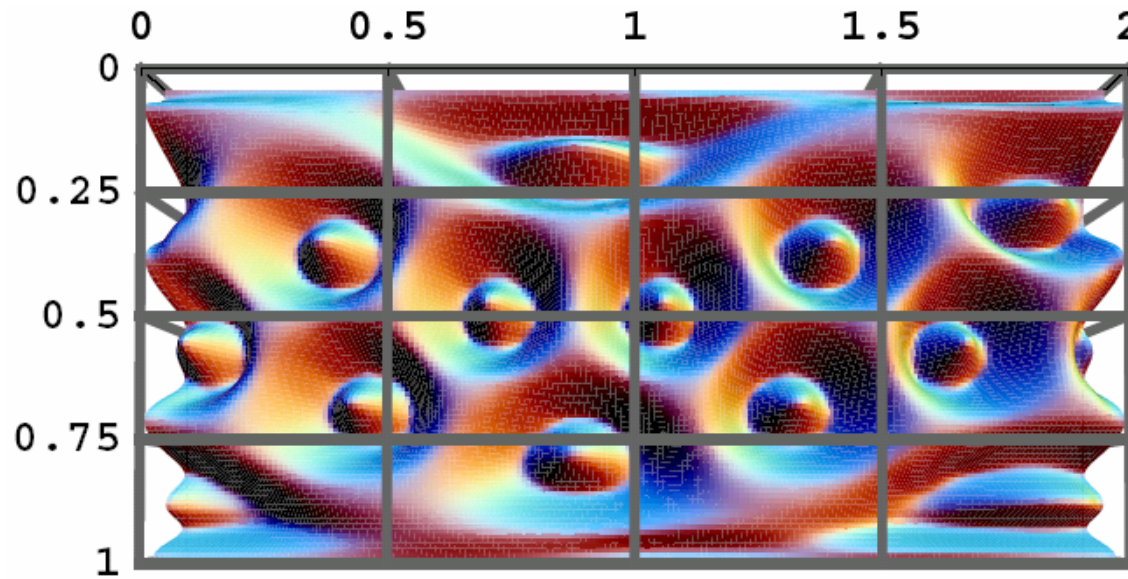
Z9: $N_A=25$, $N_B=25$, $f_A=80$, $f_B=40$



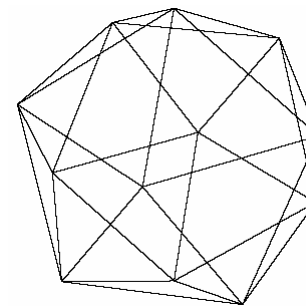
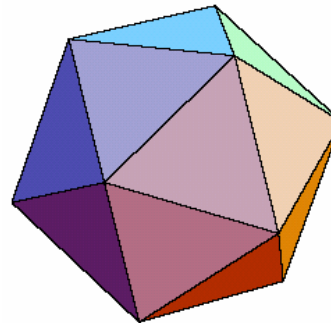
Z10: $N_A=25$, $N_B=20$, $f_A=120$, $f_B=60$



Z12(ICO): $N_A=20, N_B=20, f_A=120, f_B=60$



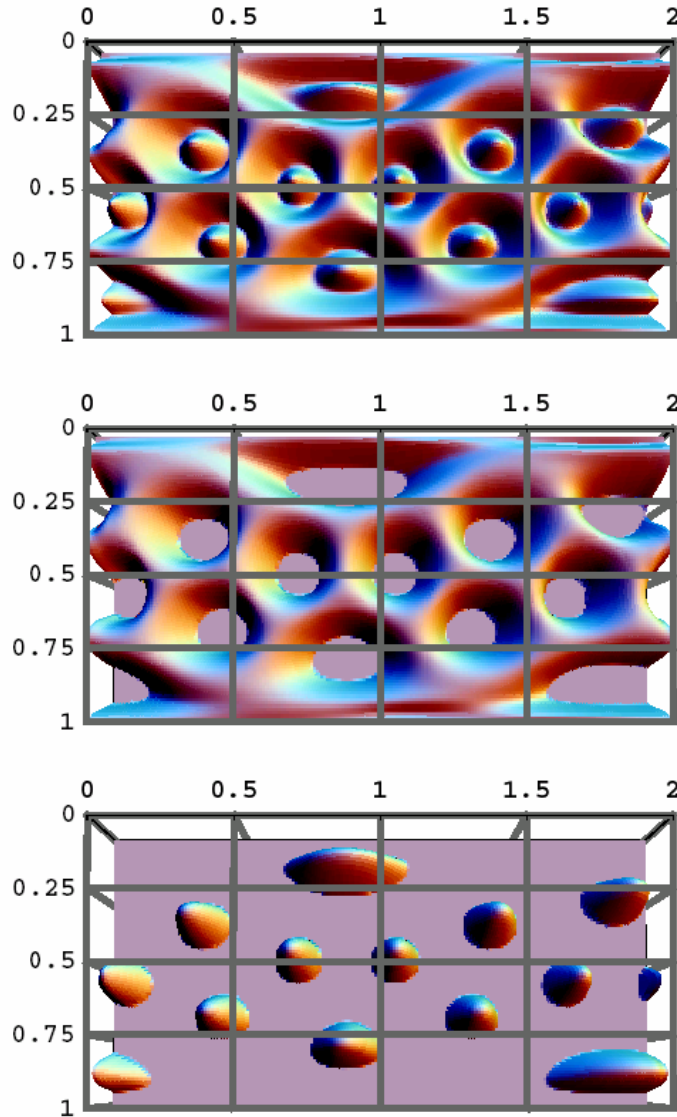
12



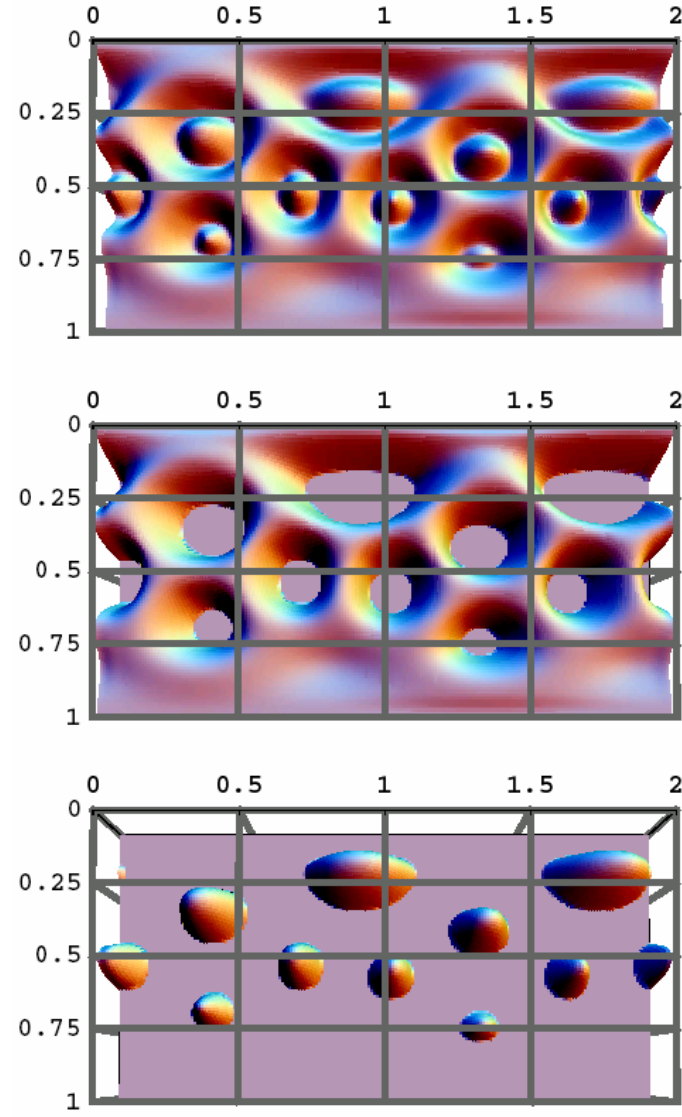
From: <http://mathworld.wolfram.com/>

**A-B-S system in a solvent good for
A and B; non-uniform A or B**

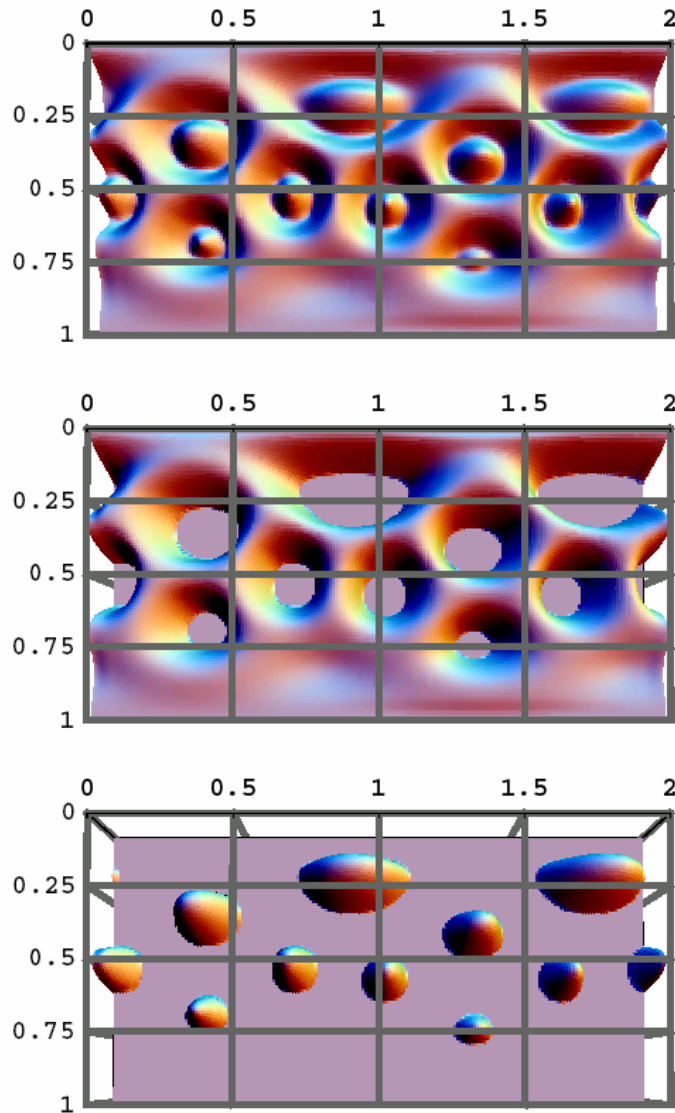
$N_A=20, N_B=20, f_A=120, f_B=60$
A: uniform; B: uniform



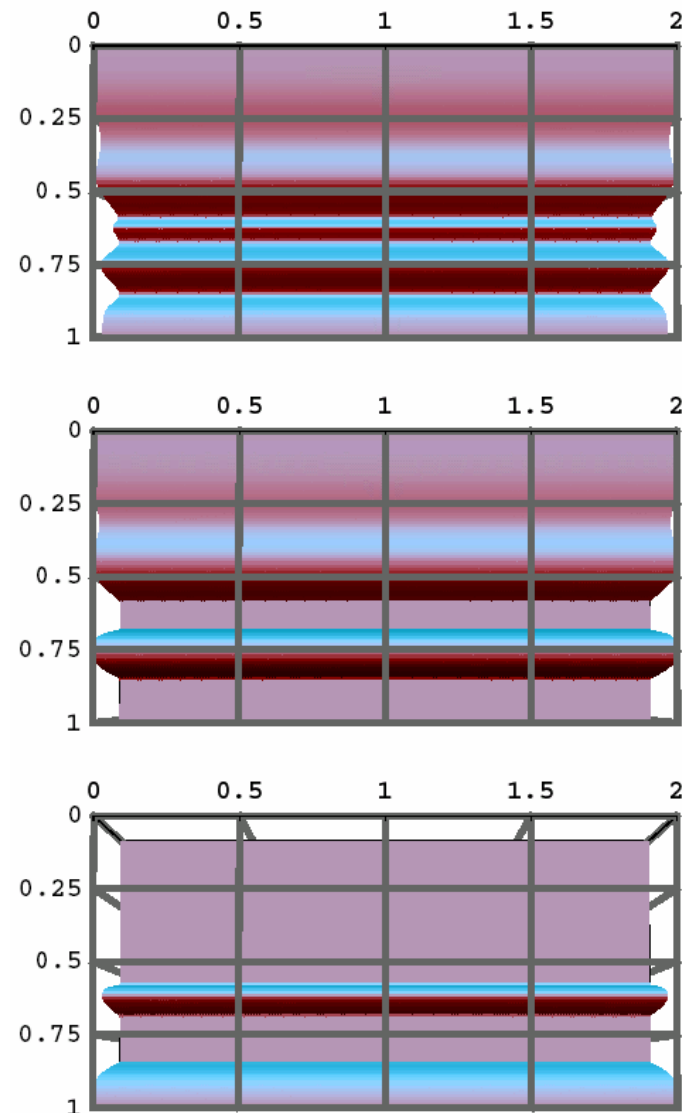
$N_A=20, N_B=20, f_A=120, f_B=60$
A: uniform; B: gradient 2



$N_A=20, N_B=20, f_A=120, f_B=60$
A: uniform; B: gradient 2

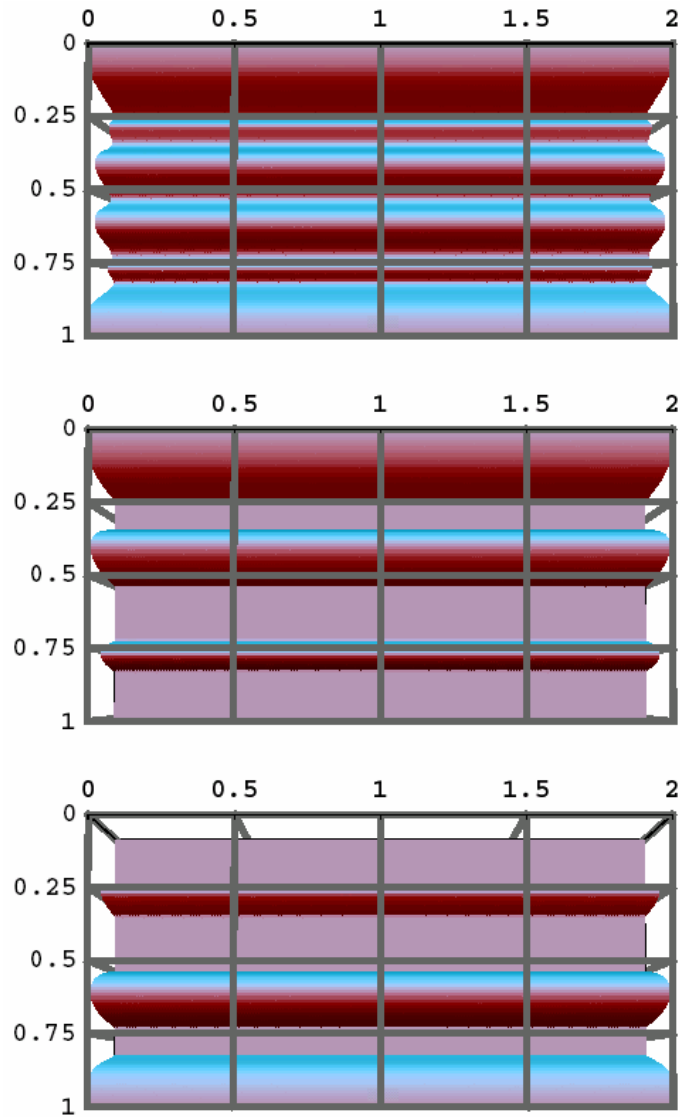


$N_A=20, N_B=20, f_A=120, f_B=60$
A & B: gradient 2



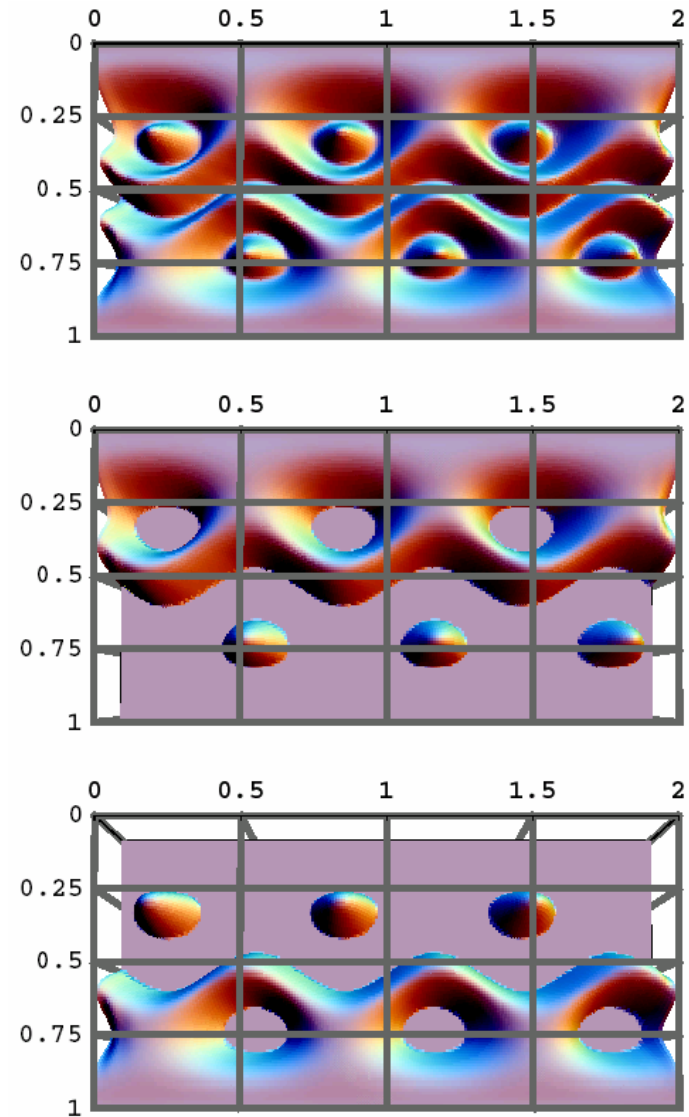
$N_A=25, N_B=25, f_A=60, f_B=60$

A & B: gradient 2

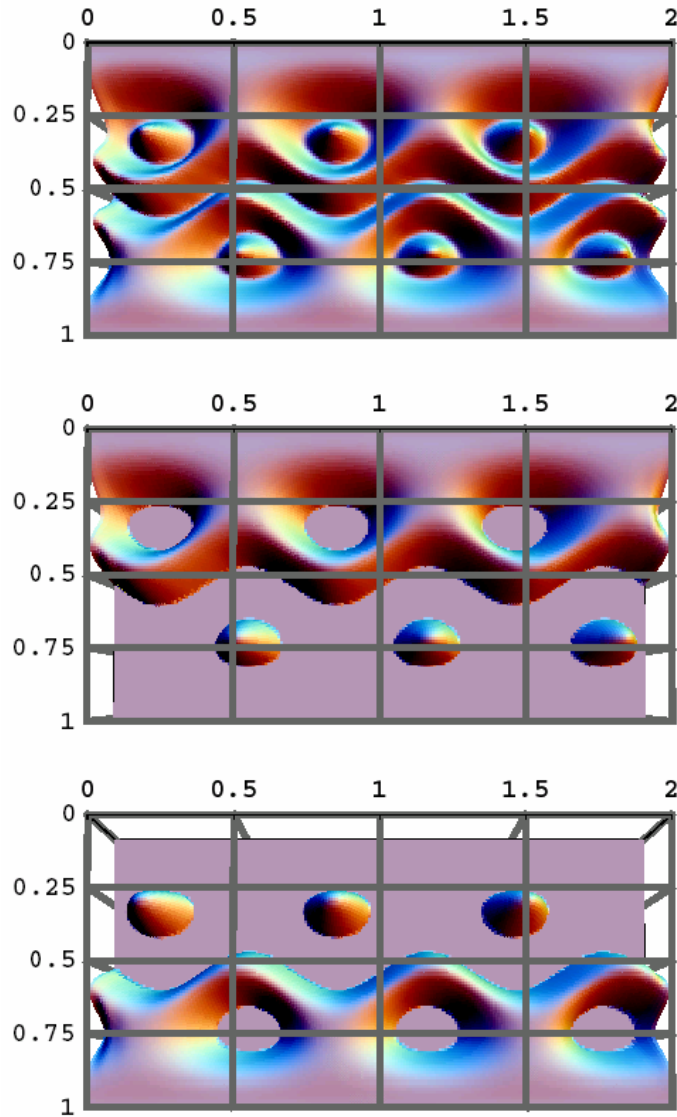


$N_A=15, N_B=15, f_A=60, f_B=60$

A & B: gradient 2



Giant-clam (GC) structure

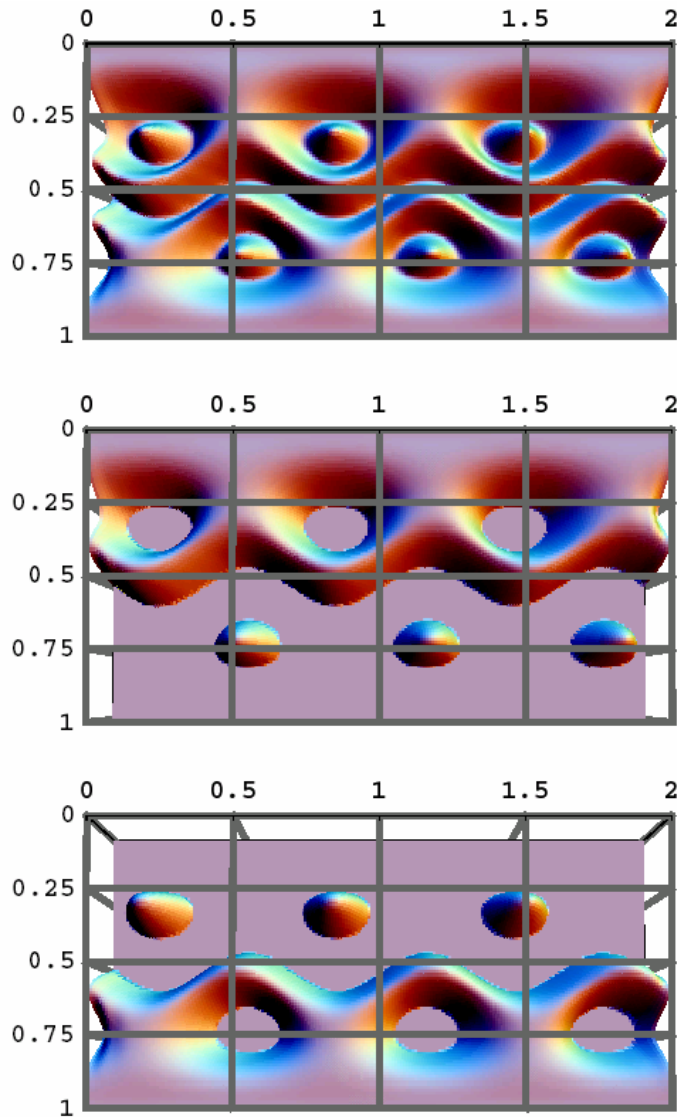


Credit: Lioneltimalistair/Science Photo Library

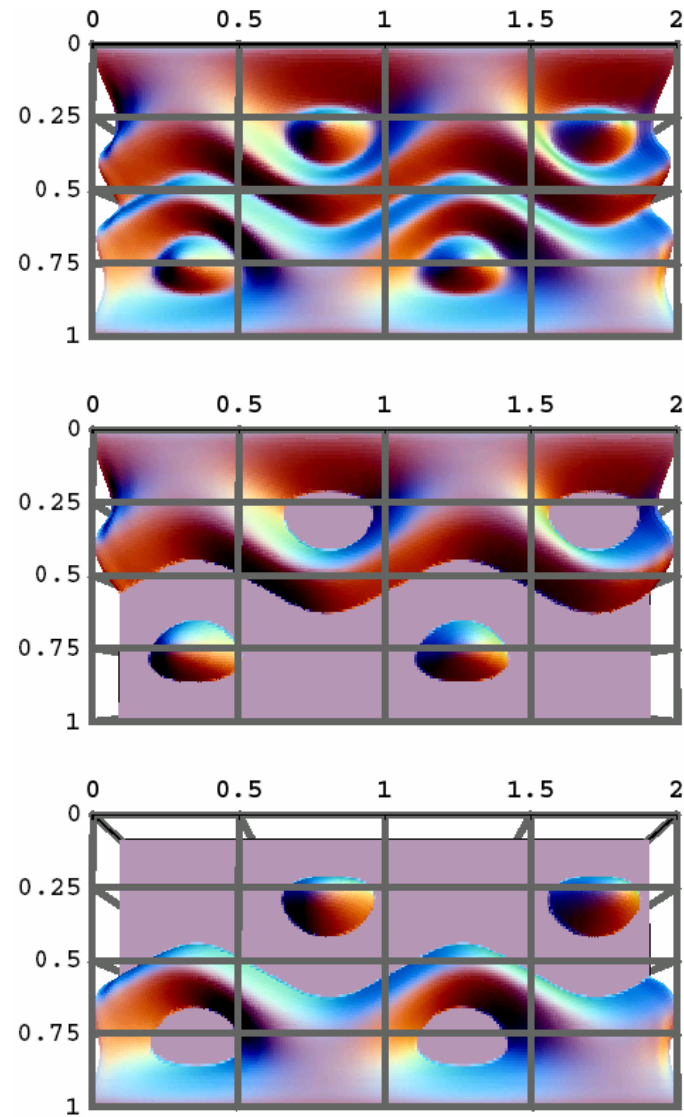


Credit: Georgette Douwma/Science Photo Library

$N_A=15, N_B=15, f_A=60, f_B=60$
A & B: gradient 2

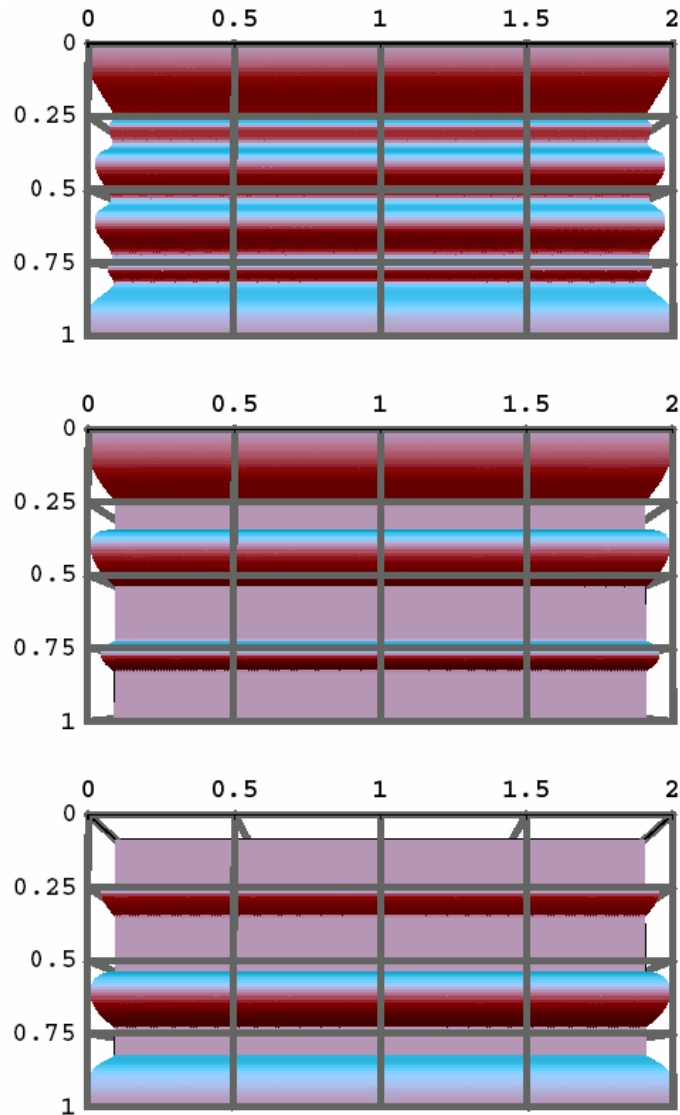


$N_A=30, N_B=30, f_A=30, f_B=30$
A & B: gradient 2



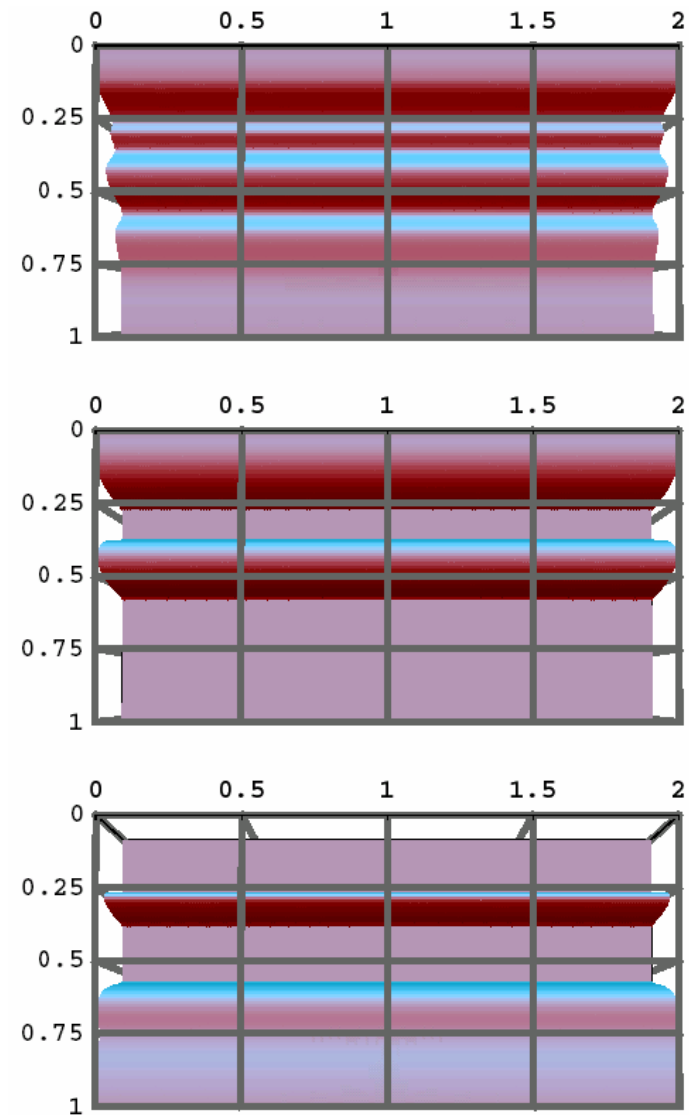
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A & B: gradient 2



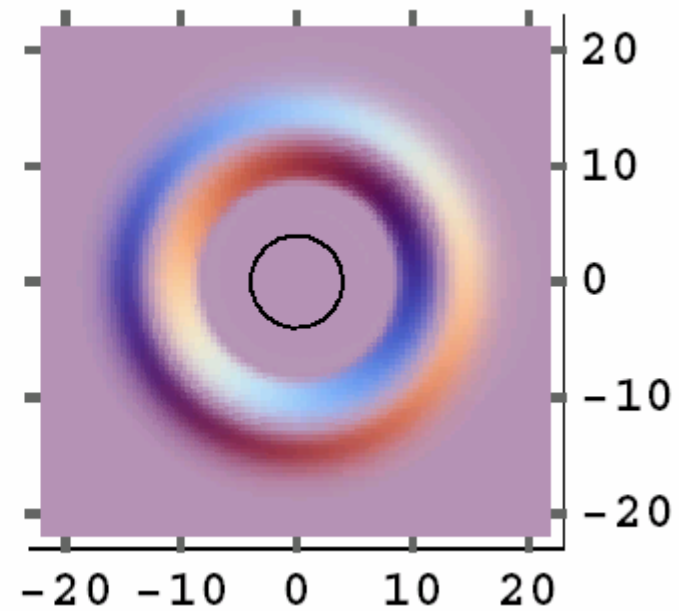
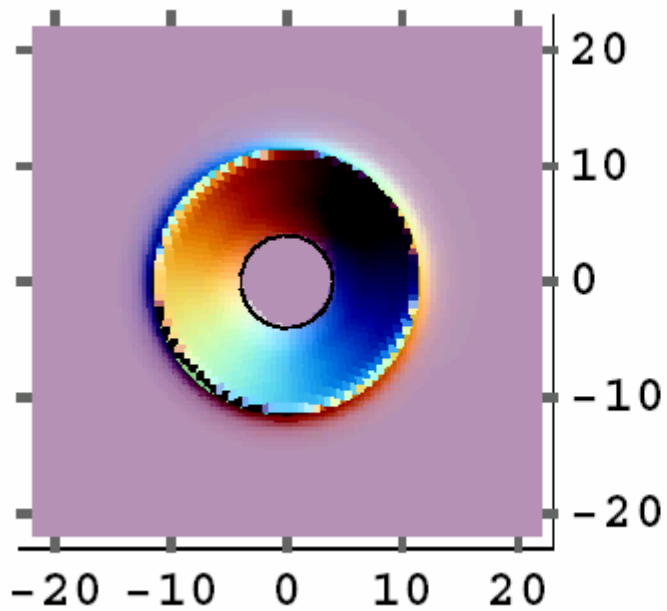
$N_A=25, N_B=25, f_A=60, f_B=60$

A: gradient 1; B: uniform

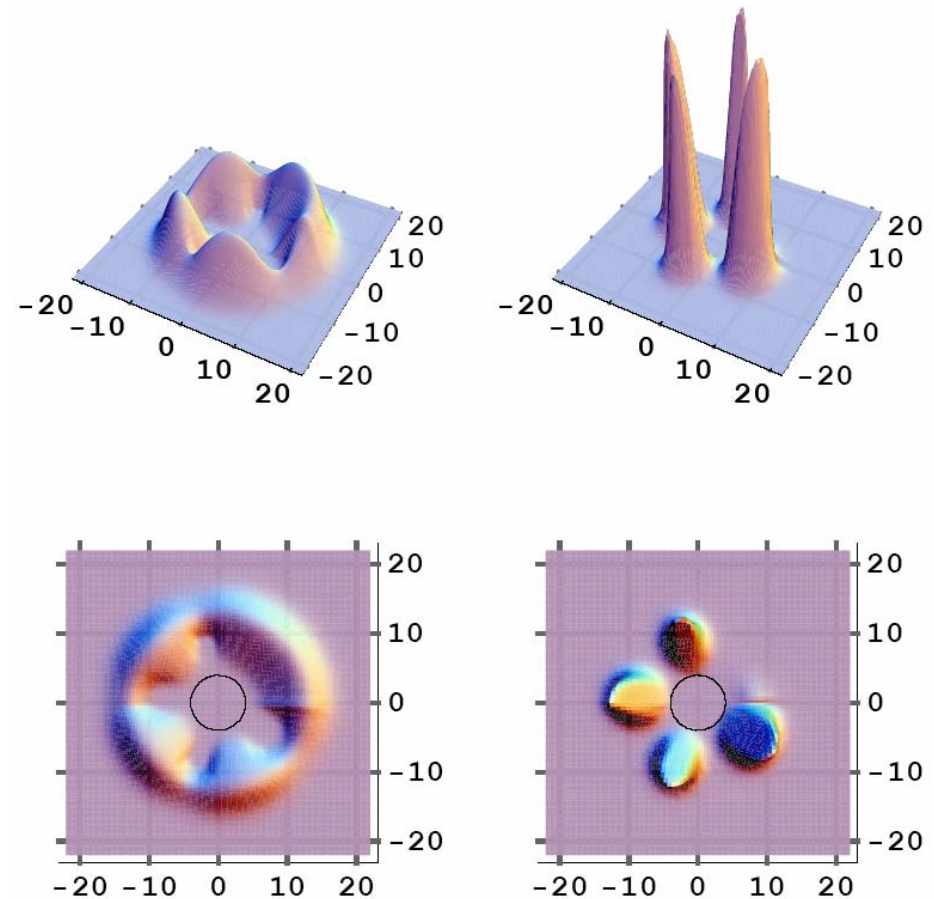
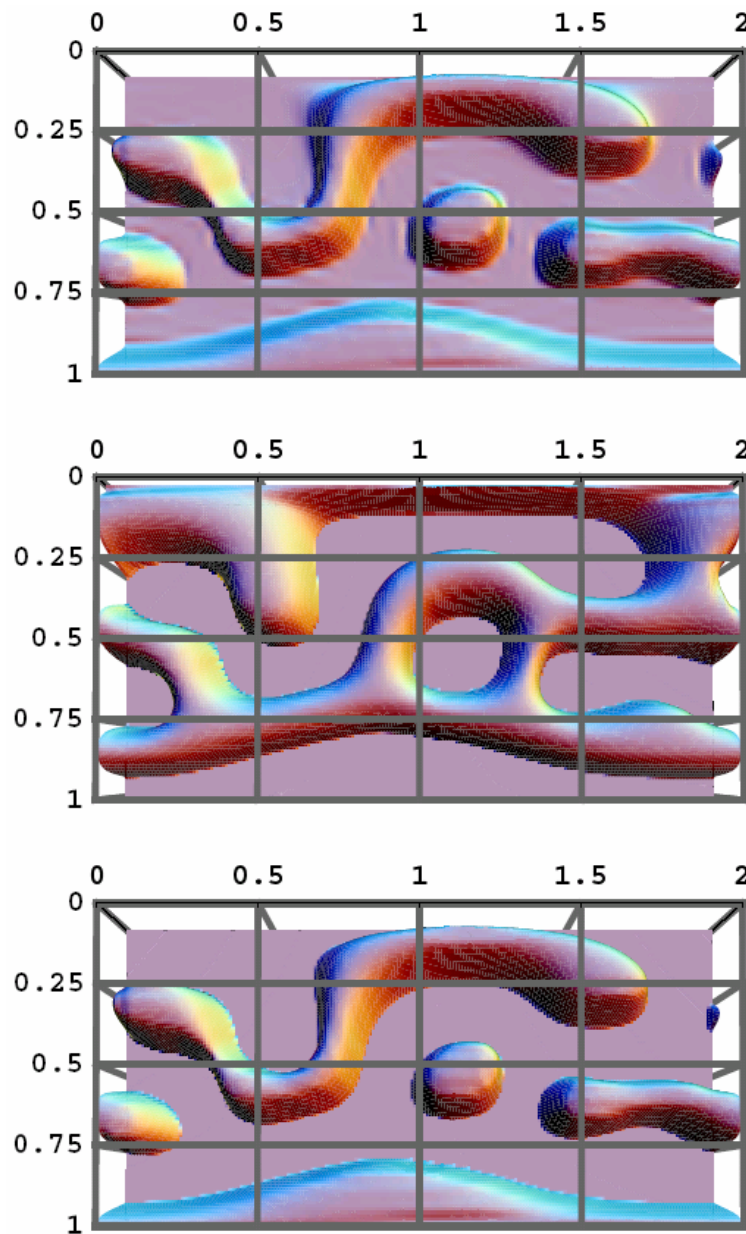


**A-B-S system in a selective
solvent; uniform A and B**

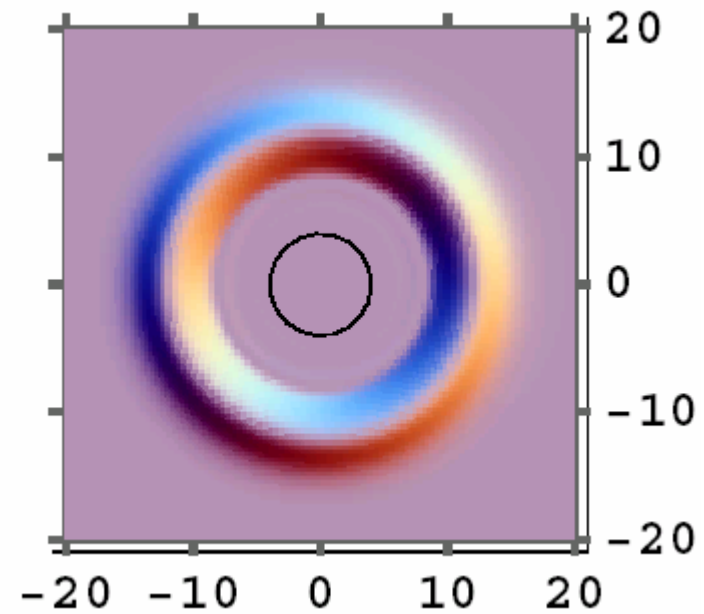
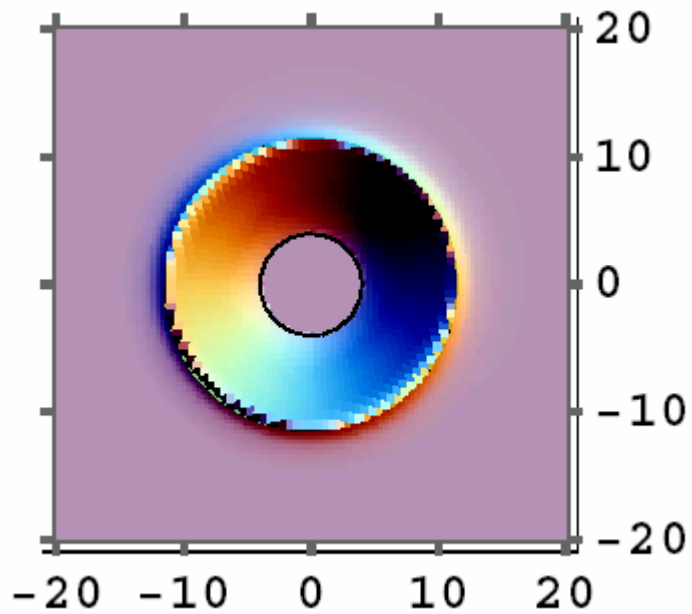
$N_A=20, N_B=20, f_A=120, f_B=60$ in a solvent poor for A but good for B



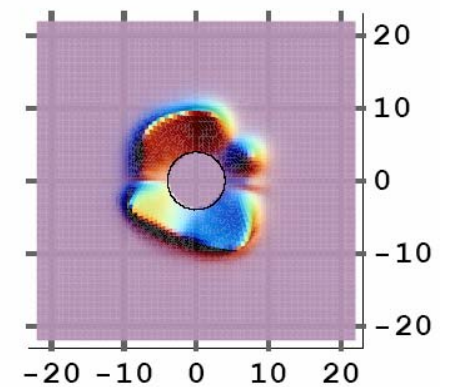
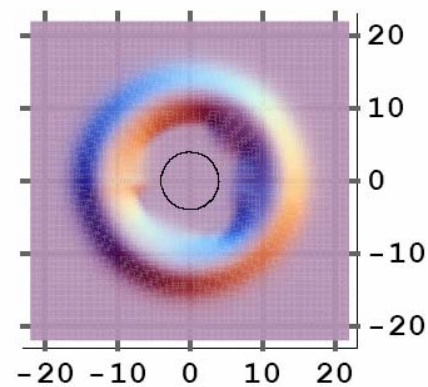
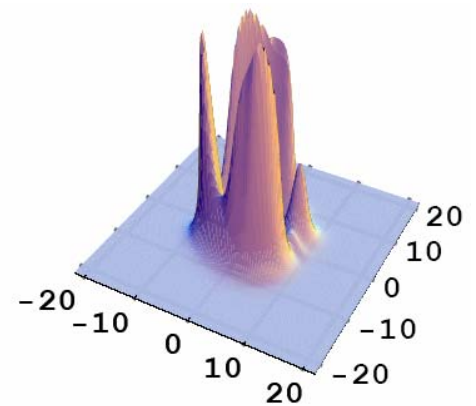
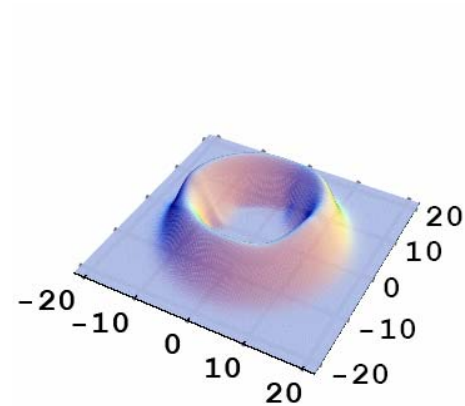
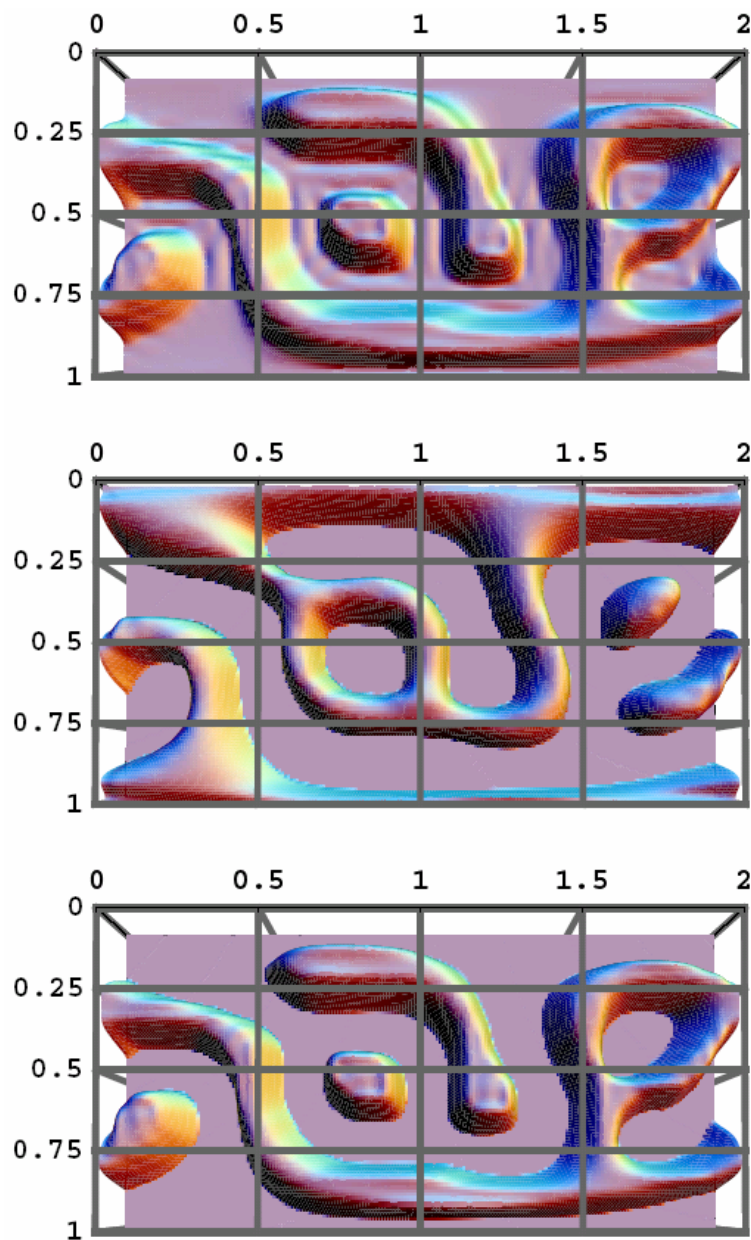
$N_A=20, N_B=20, f_A=120, f_B=60$ in a solvent good for A but poor for B



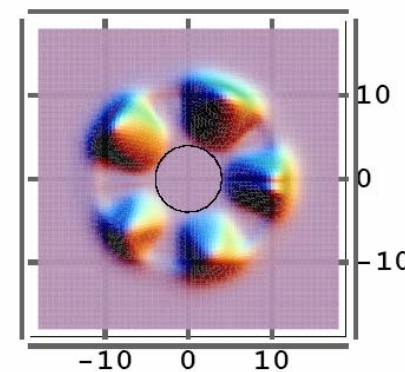
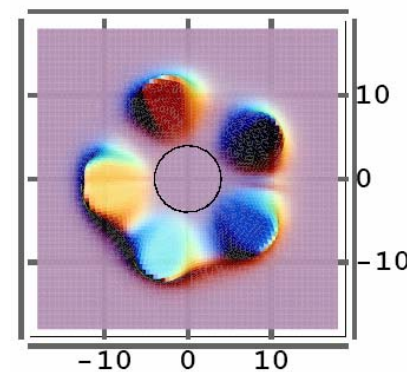
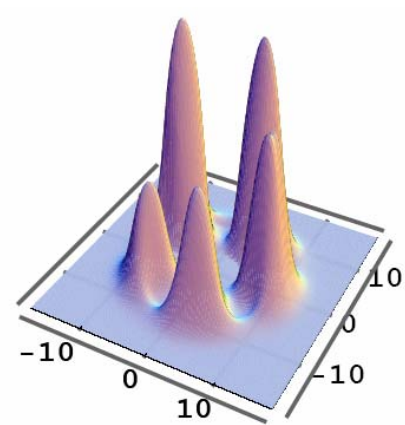
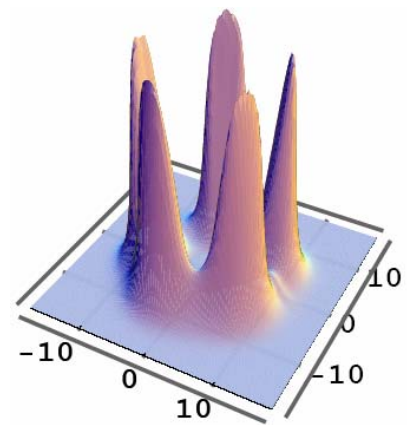
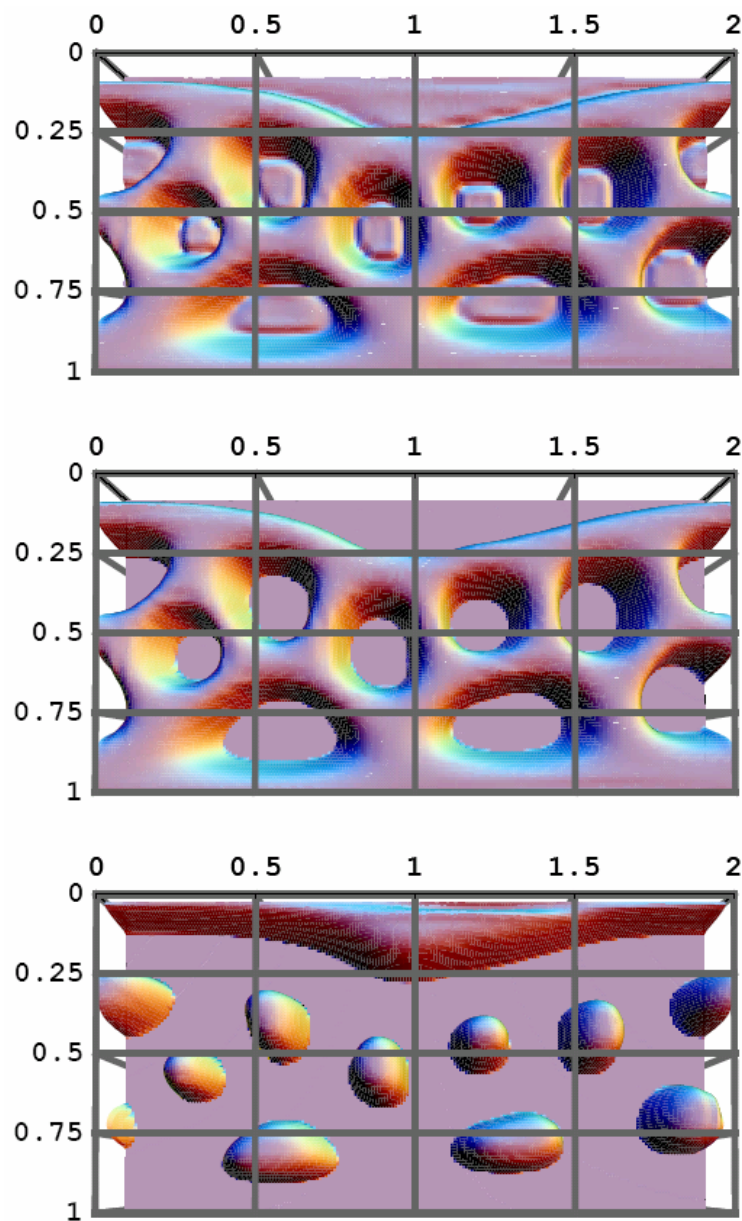
$N_A=20, N_B=15, f_A=120, f_B=60$ in a solvent poor for A but good for B



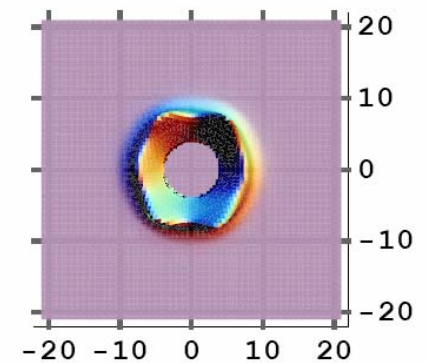
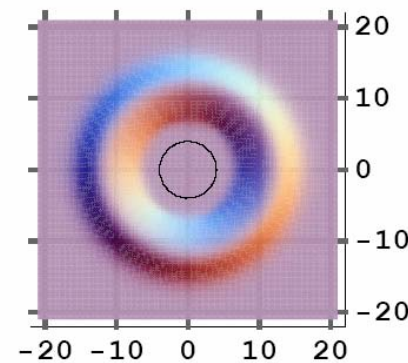
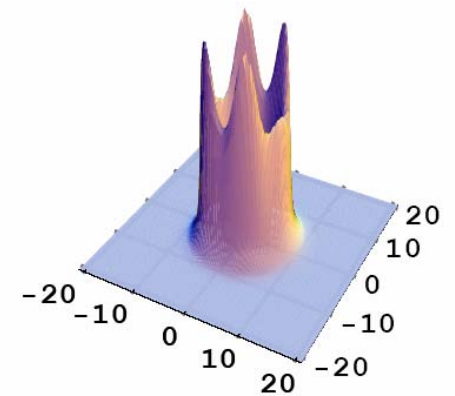
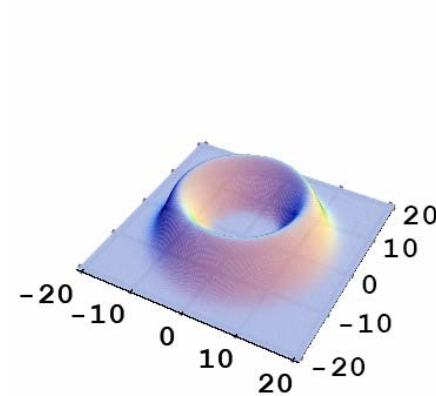
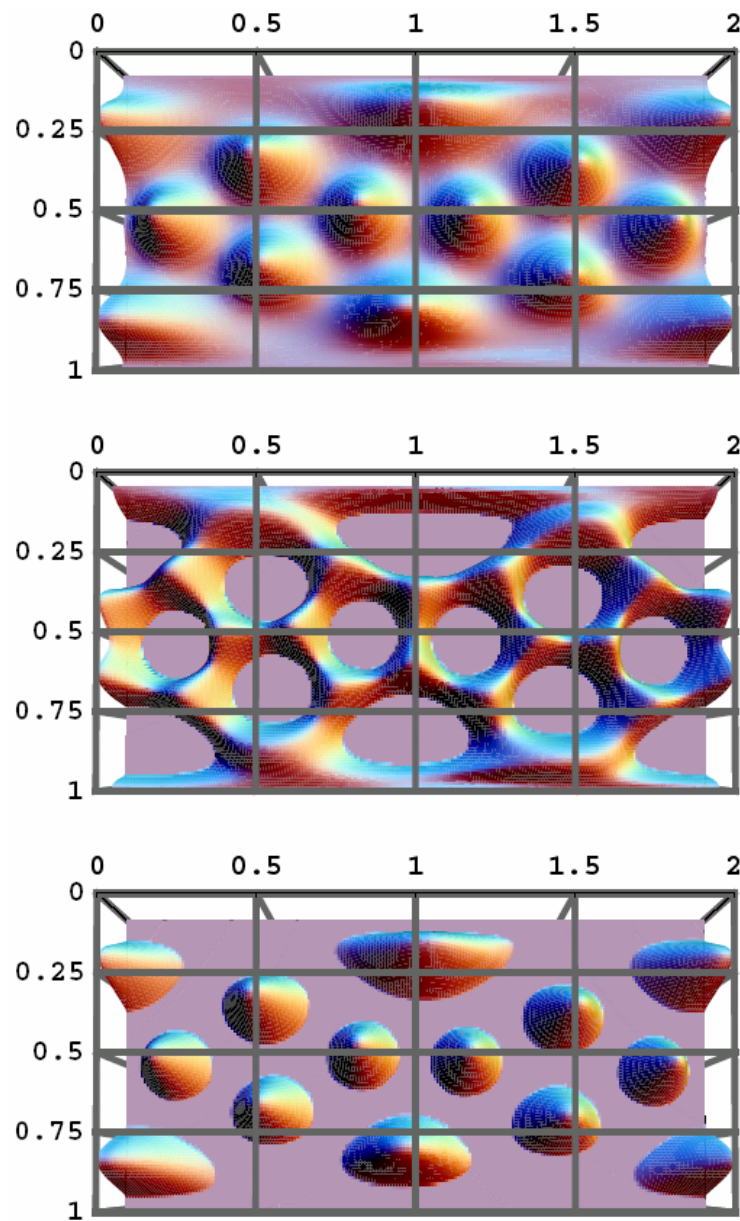
$N_A=20, N_B=15, f_A=120, f_B=60$ in a solvent good for A but poor for B



$N_A=20, N_B=10, f_A=120, f_B=60$ in a solvent poor for A but good for B



$N_A=20, N_B=10, f_A=120, f_B=60$ in a solvent good for A but poor for B



Applications?

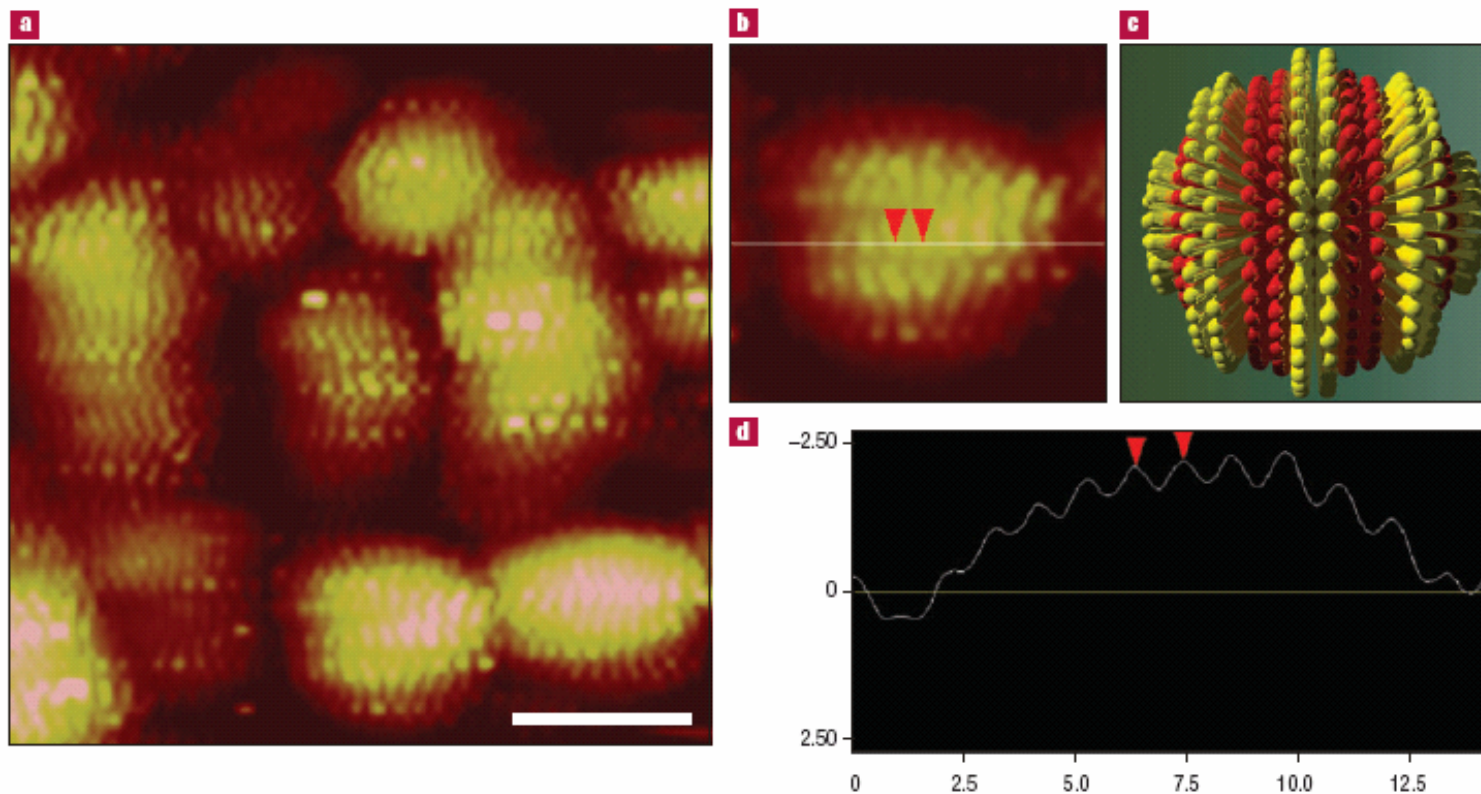
Nanostructured Nanoparticles

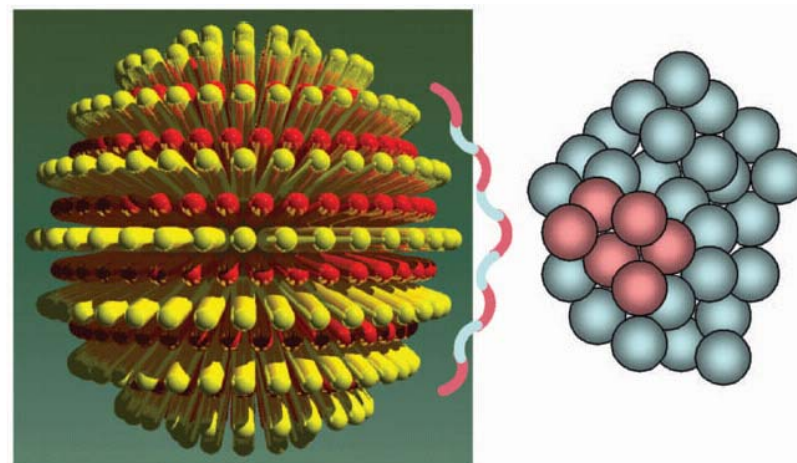
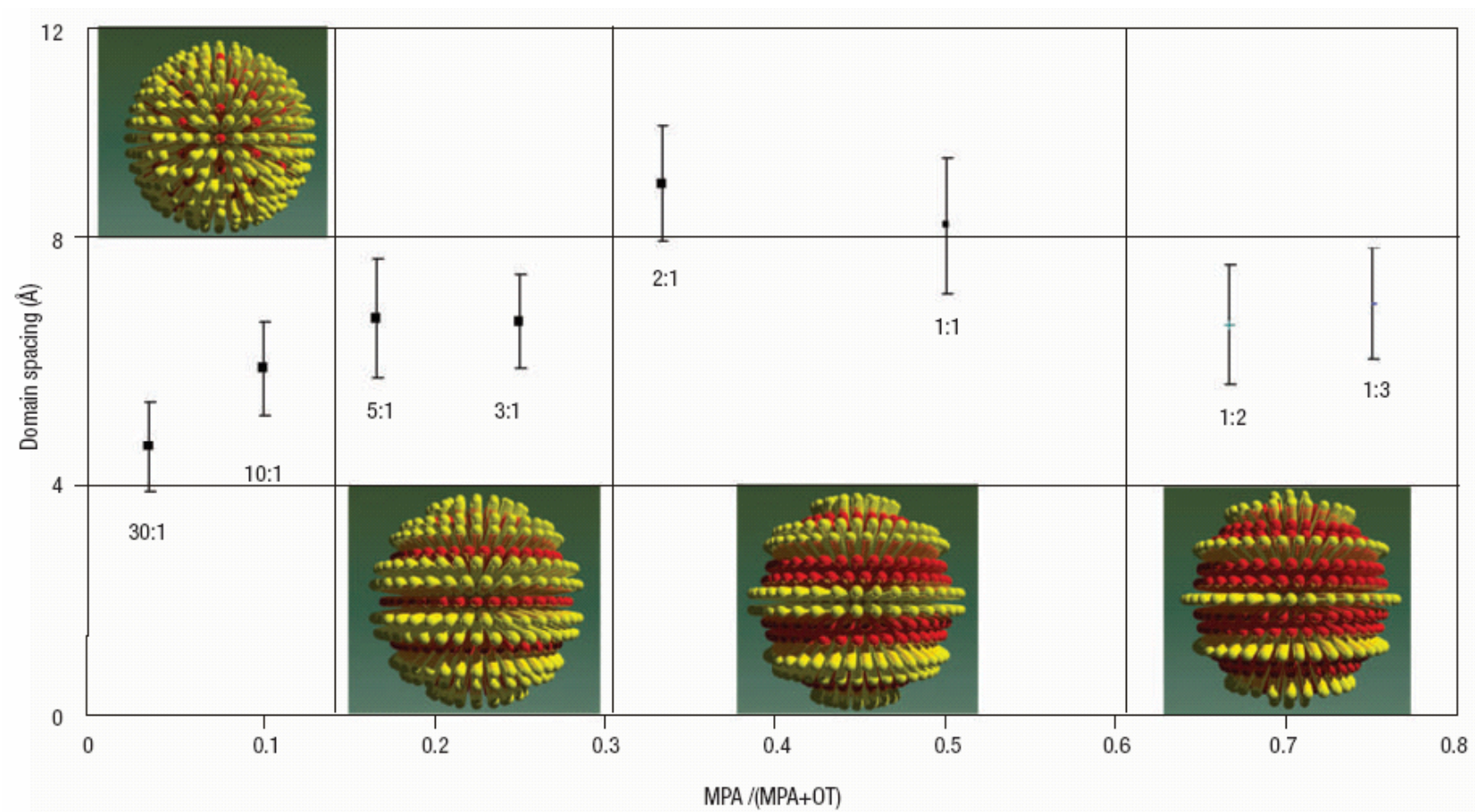
Spontaneous assembly of subnanometre-ordered domains in the ligand shell of monolayer-protected nanoparticles

ALICIA M. JACKSON, JACOB W. MYERSON AND FRANCESCO STELLACCI*

Nature Mater. **3**, 330 (2004).

Binding of mercaptopropionic acid (MPA), $\text{HOOC}-(\text{CH}_2)_2-\text{SH}$ and octanethiol (OT), $\text{CH}_3-(\text{CH}_2)_7-\text{SH}$ on a gold nanoparticle.

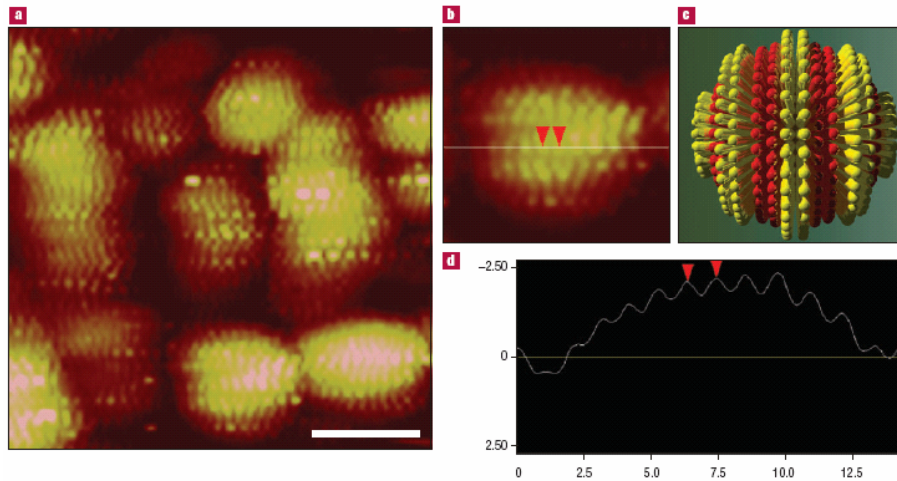




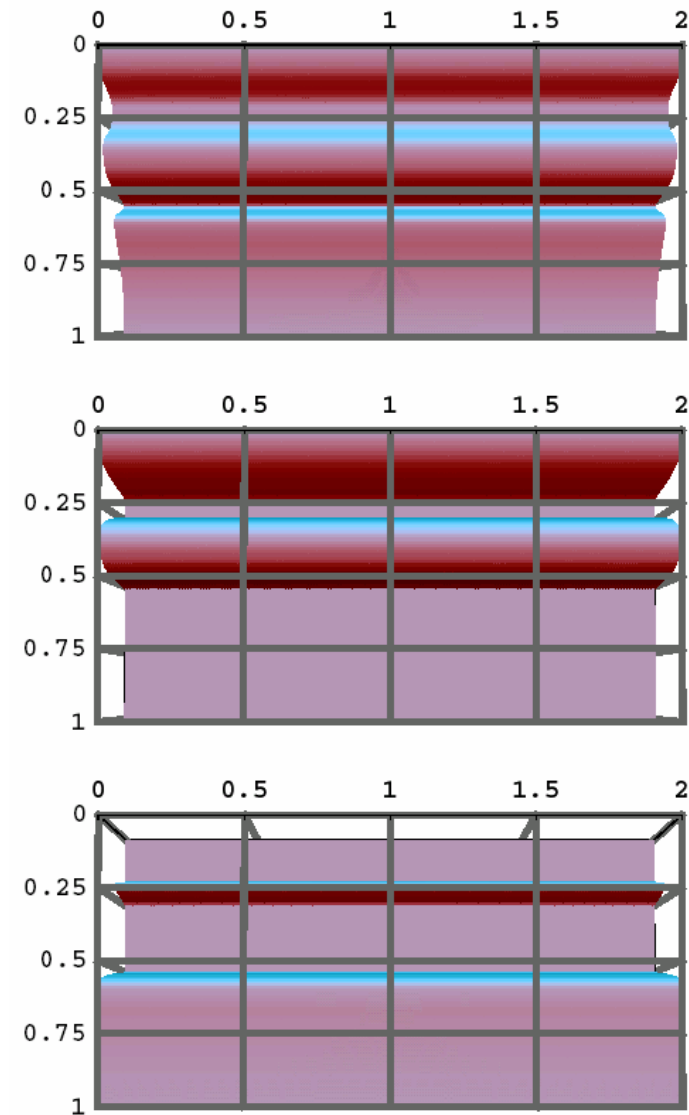
$N_A=25, N_B=25, f_A=60, f_B=60$

A: southern hemisphere;

B: homogeneous



*What might have happened...
surface-induced structures*

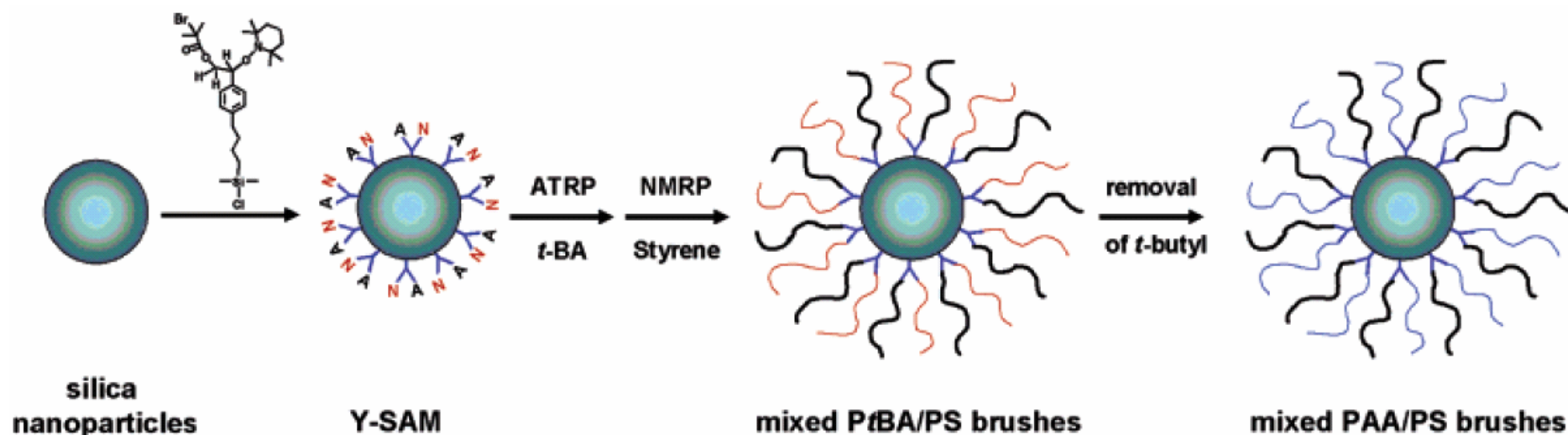


Smart Drug Carriers

Environmentally Responsive “Hairy” Nanoparticles: Mixed Homopolymer Brushes on Silica Nanoparticles Synthesized by Living Radical Polymerization Techniques

Dejin Li, Xia Sheng, and Bin Zhao*

J. Am. Chem. Soc. **127**, 6248 (2005).

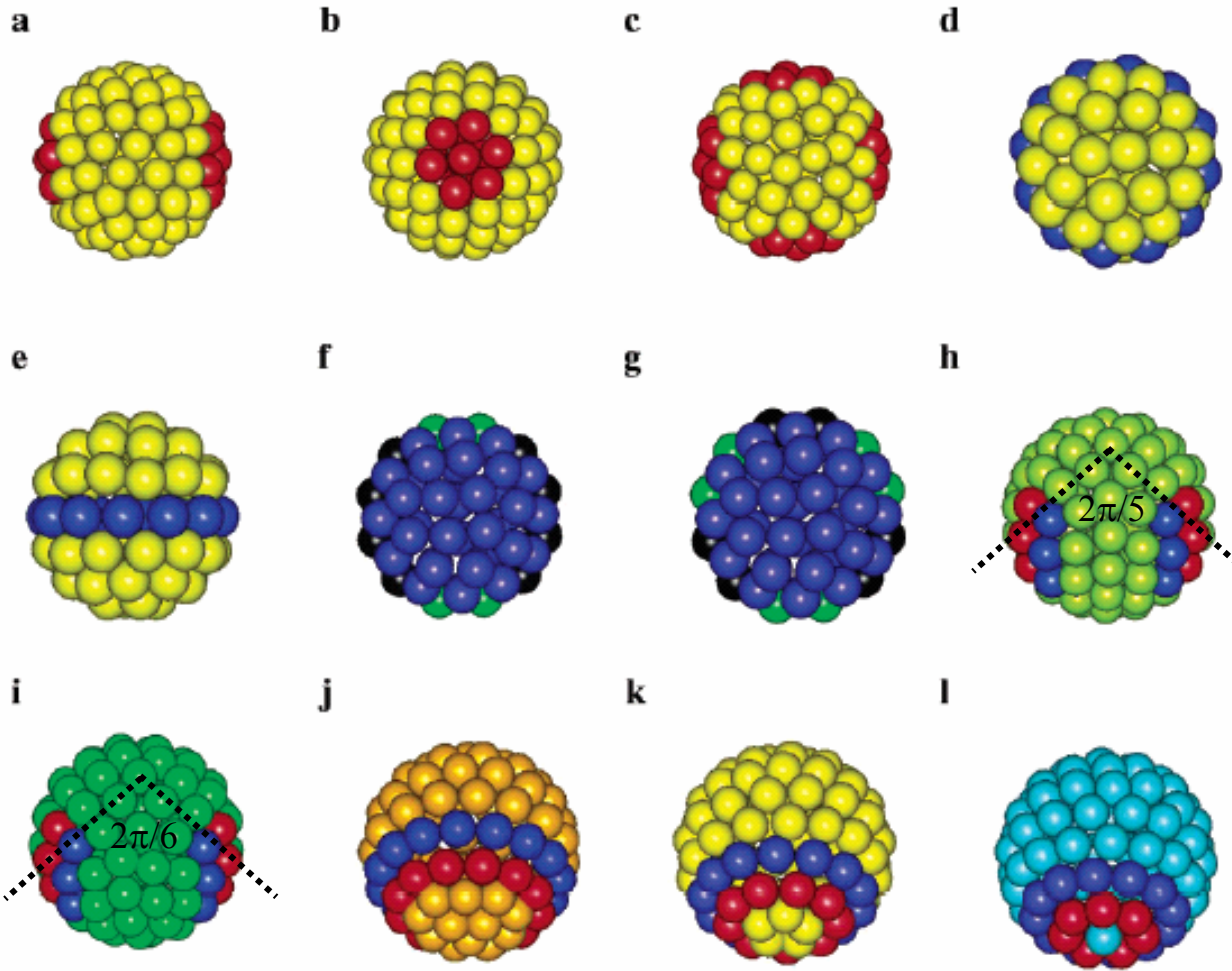


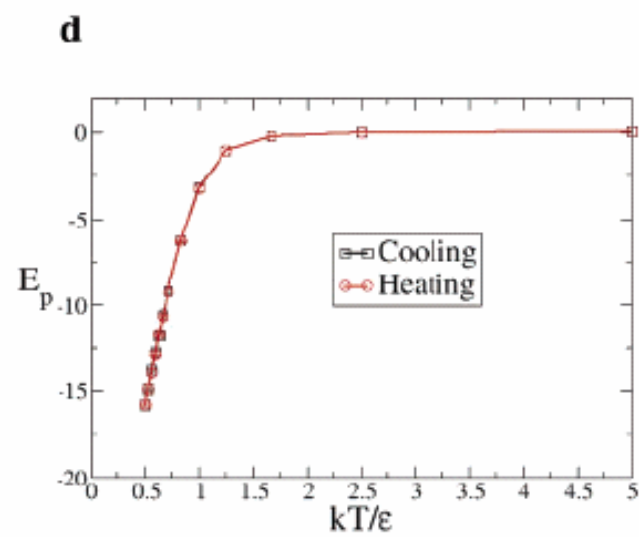
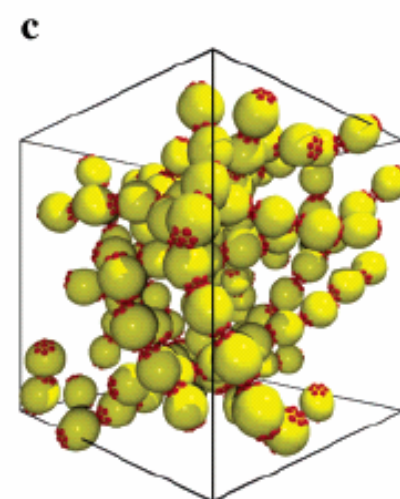
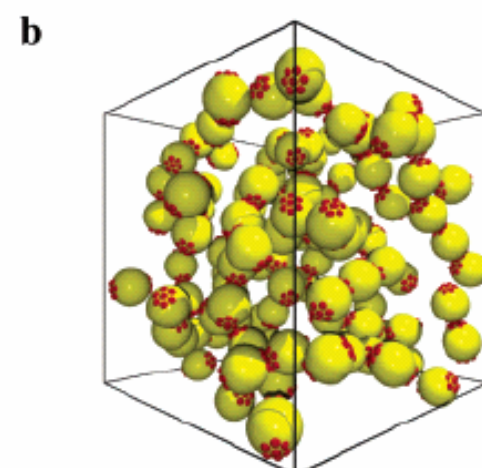
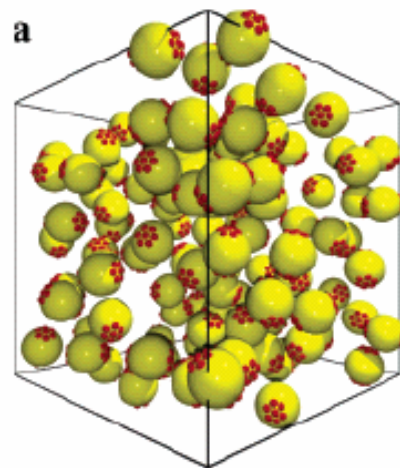
Self-assembly of Structured Particles (Chemistry of “Colloid Molecules”)

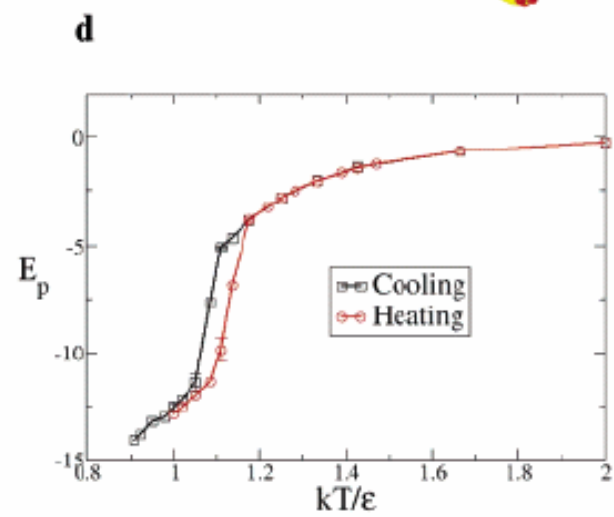
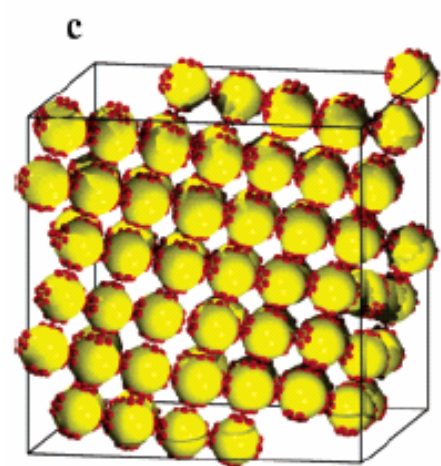
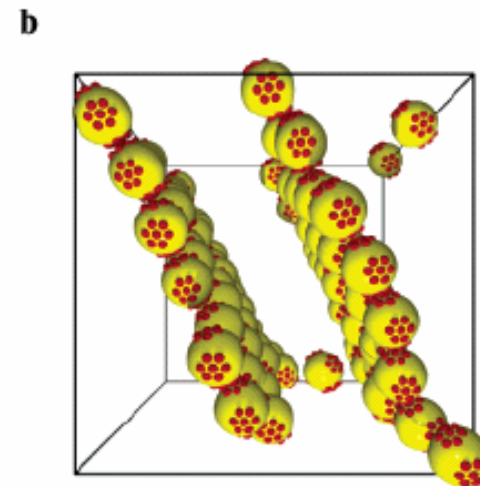
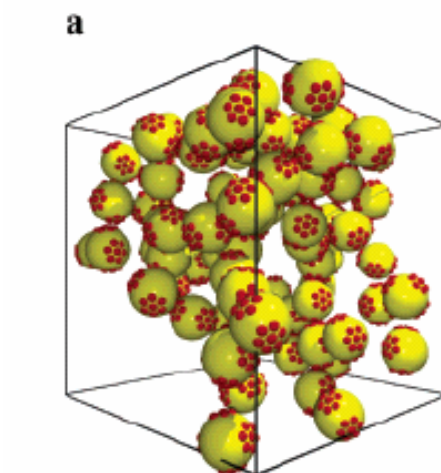
Self-Assembly of Patchy Particles

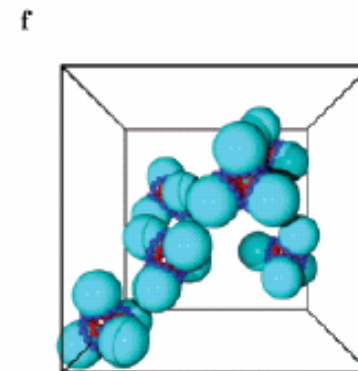
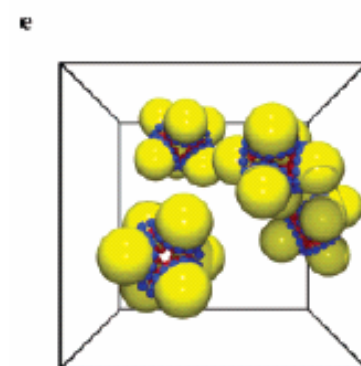
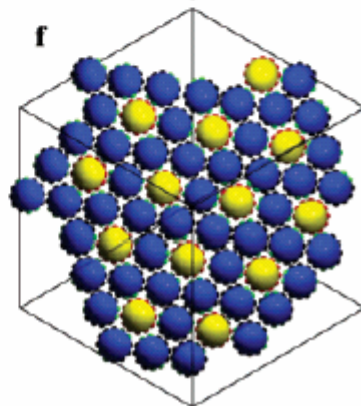
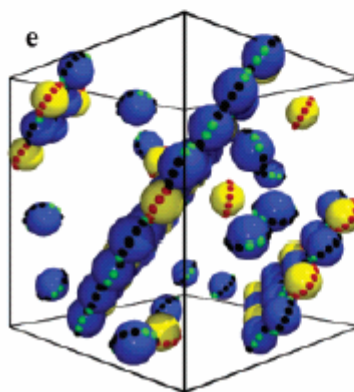
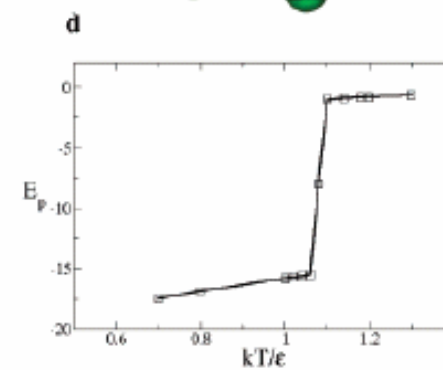
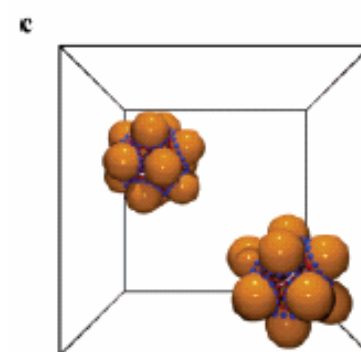
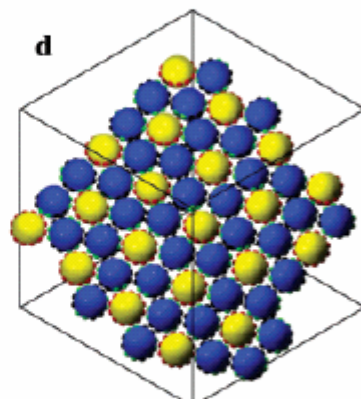
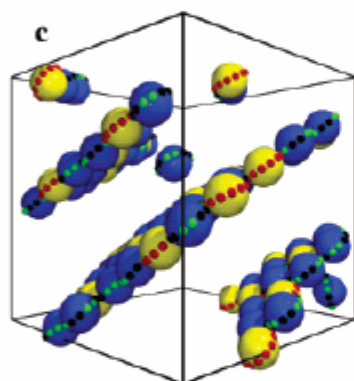
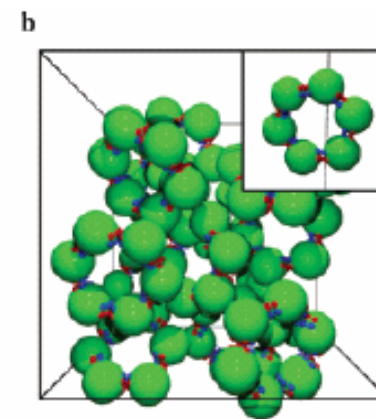
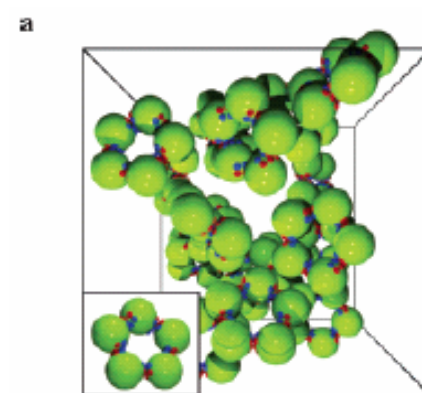
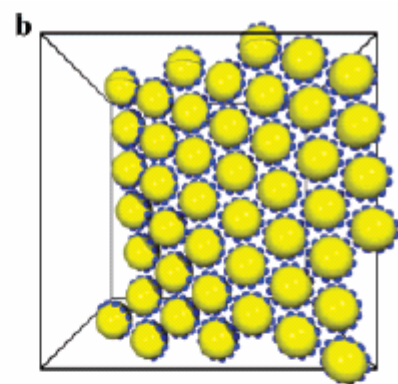
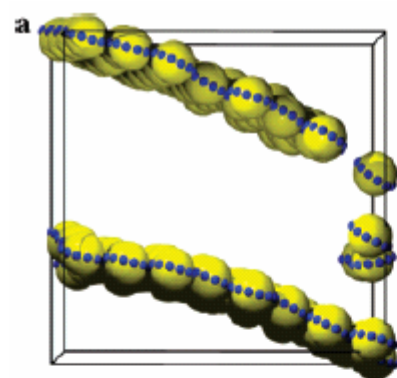
Zhenli Zhang[†] and Sharon C. Glotzer^{*,†,‡}

Nano Lett. **4**, 1407 (2004).







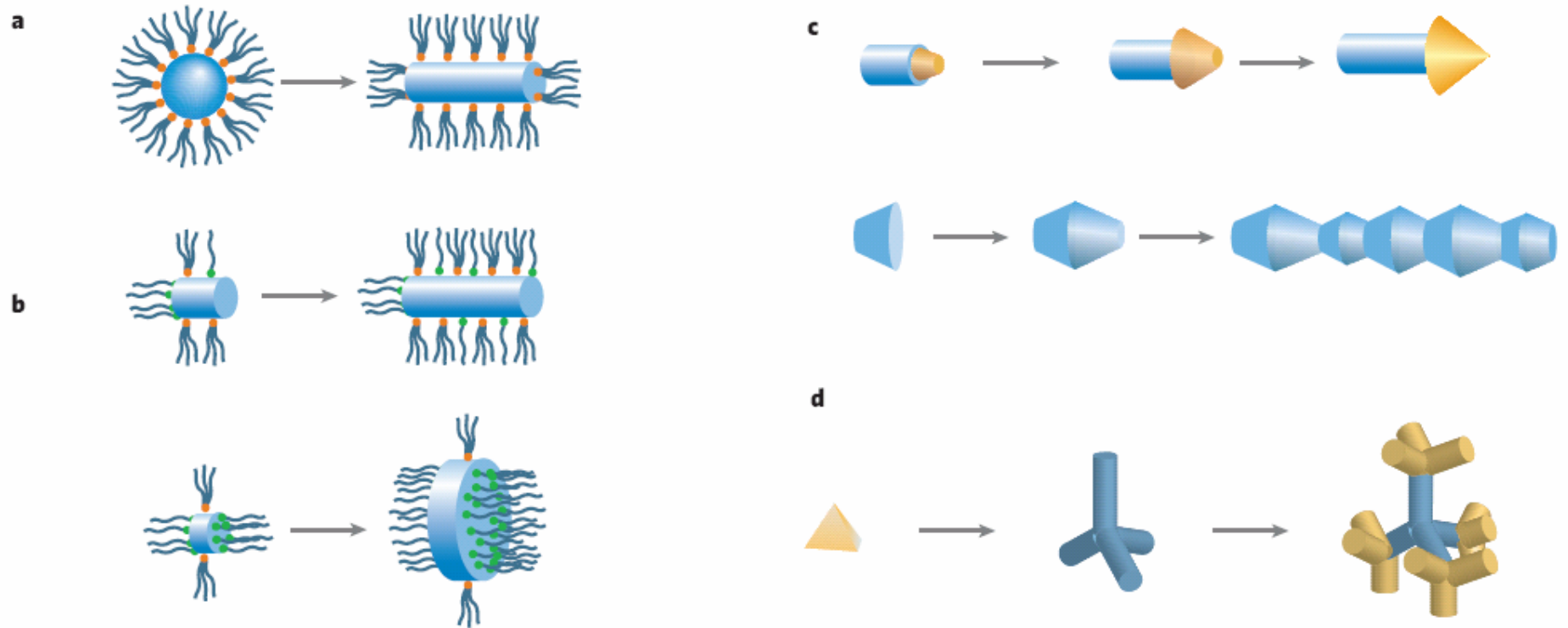


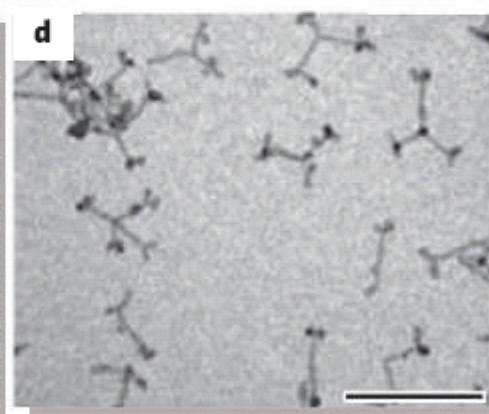
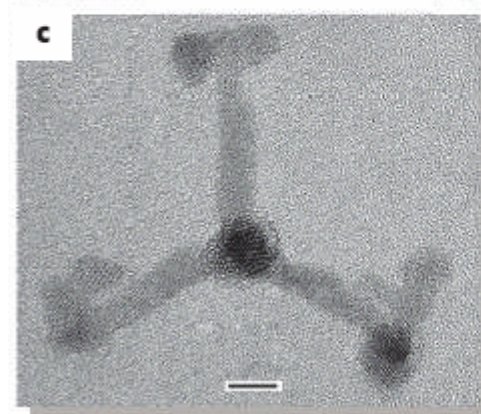
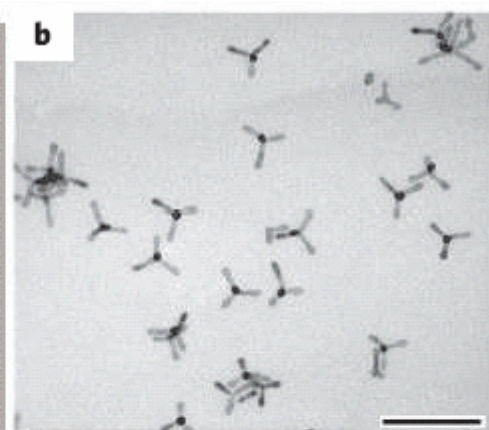
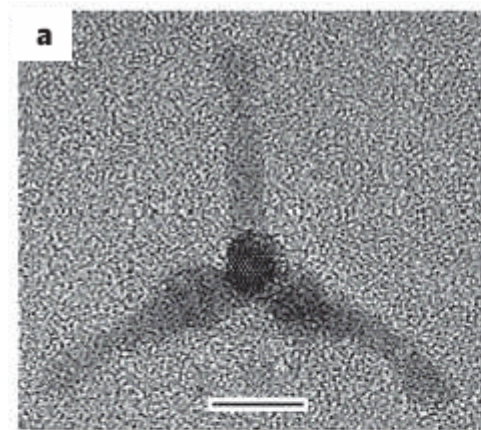
Fabrication of Multivalent Nanoparticles

Colloidal nanocrystal synthesis and the organic-inorganic interface

Yadong Yin¹ & A. Paul Alivisatos¹

Nature **437**, 664 (2005).

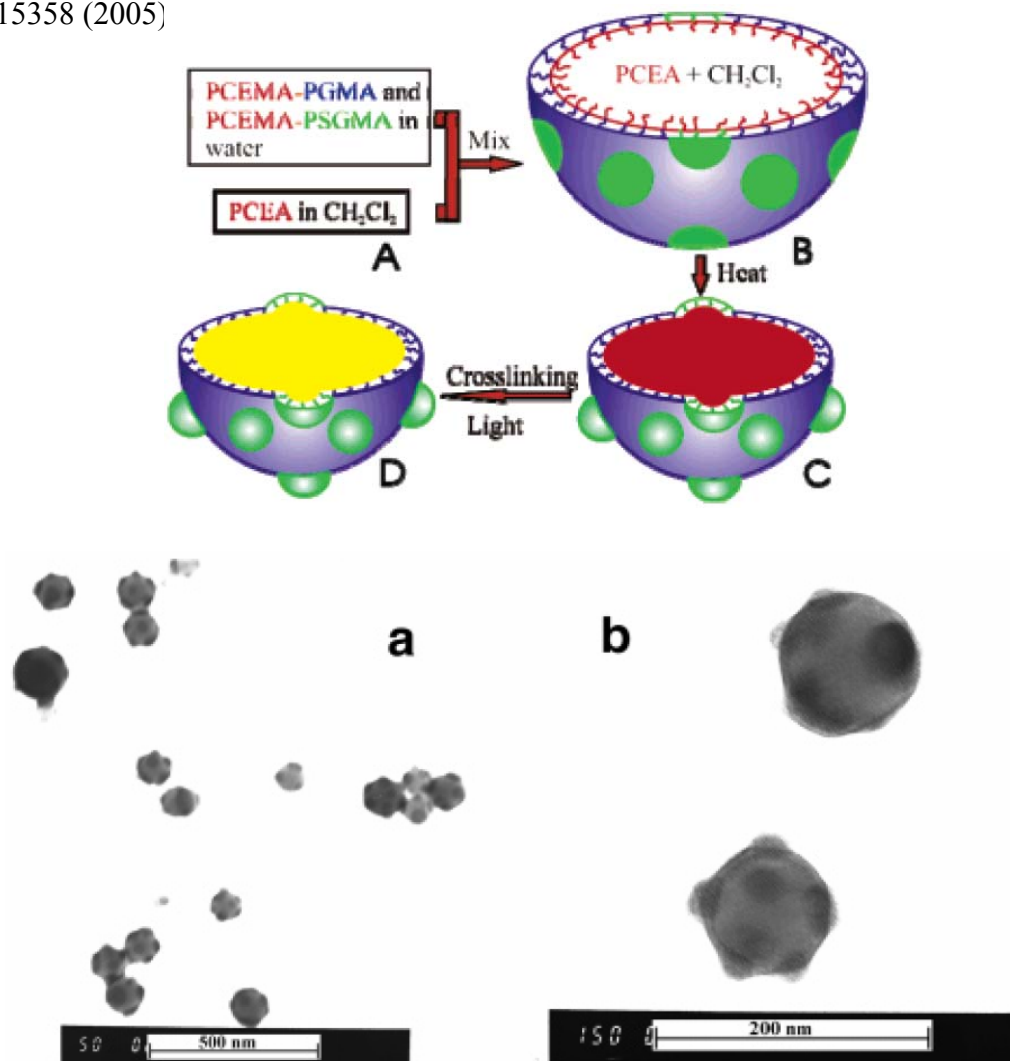




Polymer Nano- and Microspheres with Bumpy and Chain-Segregated Surfaces

Ronghua Zheng, Guojun Liu,* and Xiaohu Yan

JACS **127**, 15358 (2005)

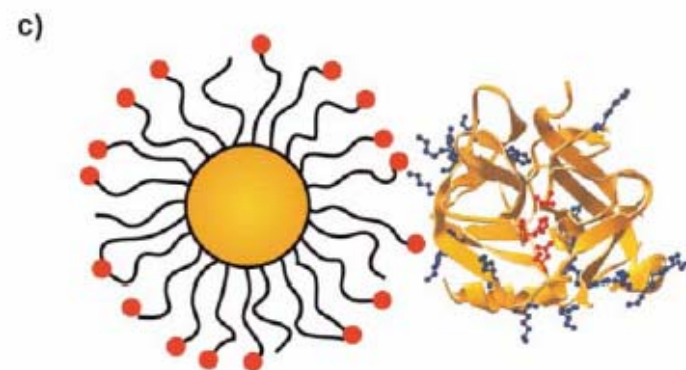
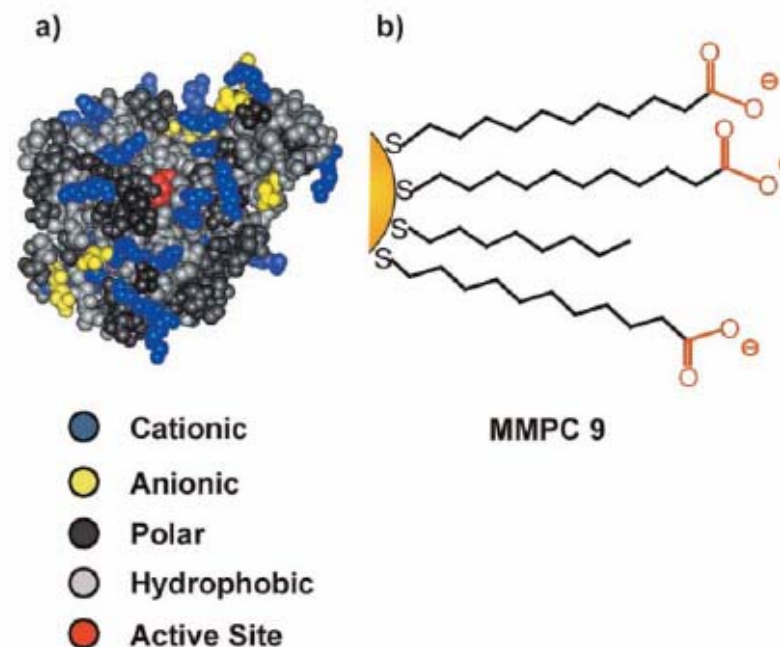
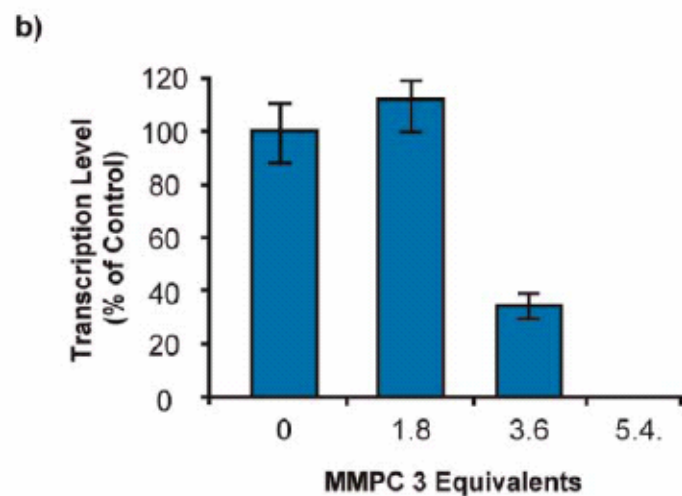
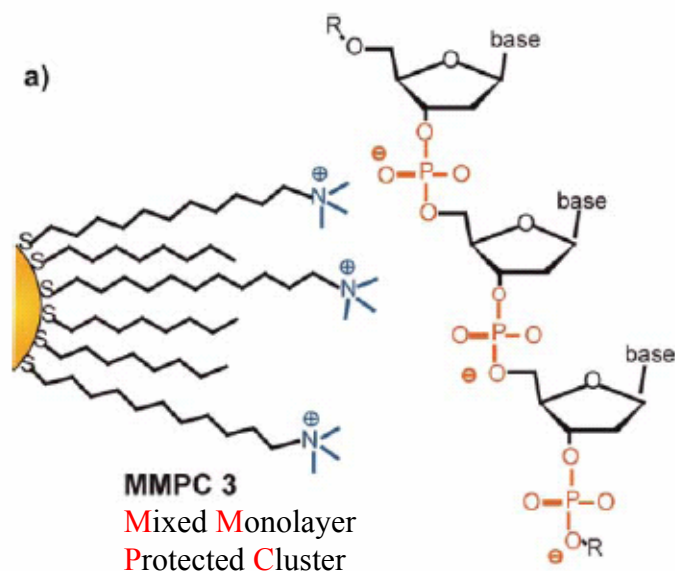


Biomolecular Recognition and Templatation/Catalysis

Surface recognition of biomacromolecules using nanoparticle receptors

Ayush Verma and Vincent M. Rotello*

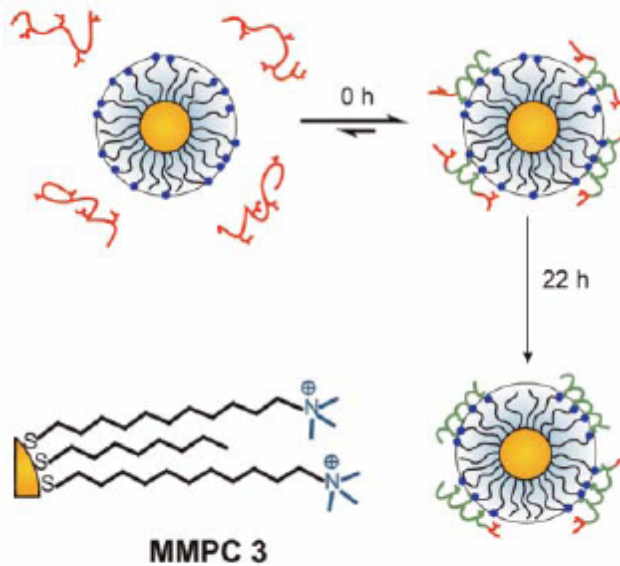
Chem. Commun. **2005**, 303 (2005).



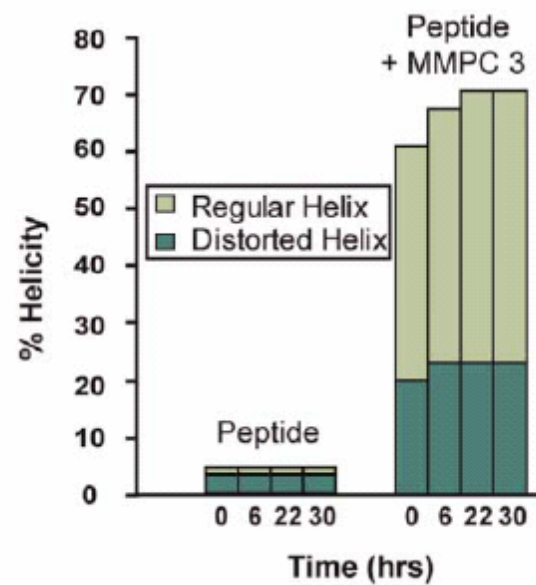
a) Ac-W-A-A-D-A-K-A-D-A-A-D-A-A-A-D-A-K-NH₂

Peptide 2

b)



c)



Discussion

- A pure mathematical problem: Packing on a sphere
 - Thomson's problem, Tammes' problem, VSEPR, etc.
- A practical technical problem: Nanostructured nanoparticle
 - “Atoms” for multivalent chemistry of colloids, templates for materials with hierarchical structure, etc.
- What do we need to know?
 - N_A , N_B , f_A , f_B , and interaction parameters v_{AB} , v_{AS} , v_{BS} .

Acknowledgment

- Prof. Toshihiro Kawakatsu (Tohoku University)
川勝 年洋
- Dr. Hiroya Kodama (Mitsubishi Chemical Co. Ltd.)
樹神 弘也
- Mr. Guo-Hau Huang (National Chung Hsing University)
黃國豪
- National Science Council, Taiwan
- National Chung Hsing University, Taiwan